# IMPLEMENTATION OF THE LAKE MICHIGAN AND HURON OPERATIONAL FORECAST SYSTEM (LMHOFS) AND THE **NOWCAST/FORECAST SKILL ASSESSMENT**

Silver Spring, Maryland August 2019



National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

# Center for Operational Oceanographic Products and Services National Ocean Service National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration U.S. Department of Commerce

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# Machuan Peng and Aijun Zhang

National Ocean Service Center for Operational Oceanographic Products and Services Silver Spring, Maryland

## Eric J. Anderson and Gregory A. Lang

Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory Ann Arbor, Michigan

#### John G.W. Kelley and Yi Chen

National Ocean Service Office of Coast Survey Silver Spring, Maryland

# August 2019



# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Lakes Michigan and Huron Operational Forecast System (LMHOFS), with the Finite Volume Community Ocean Model (FVCOM) as its hydrodynamic core, has been implemented to provide users with nowcasts (analyses of near present) and forecast guidance of the three-dimensional (3-D) physical conditions of Lakes Michigan and Huron, including surface water levels and 3-D water currents and water temperature, out to 120 hours. By combining Lakes Michigan and Huron into one model grid and invoking advanced model schemes and algorithms, LMHOFS is expected to provide more accurate predictions than the previous National Ocean Service (NOS) Lake Michigan OFS (LMOFS) and Lake Huron OFS (LHOFS), which had separate model domains based on the Princeton Ocean Model (POM).

The LMOFS and LHOFS were based on the Great Lakes Forecasting System developed by Ohio State University and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research's (OAR) Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory (GLERL) in the late 1980s and 1990s, using a customized POM for each of the Great Lakes.

LMHOFS has been running reliably with no instability issues since the nowcast/forecast runs started in March 2018. Standard model skill assessment of the 10-month (June 17, 2018–April 17, 2019) semi-operational runs indicates that all targeted variables meet the NOS model skill criteria. The successful implementation of LMHOFS on the Weather and Climate Operational Supercomputing System (WCOSS) provides reliable forecast guidance on water levels, currents, and water temperatures to support NOS navigation customers and will serve as the hydrodynamic basis for operational ice modeling and other applications in the region.

This technical report documents how the Center for Operational Oceanographic Products and Services builds the control and static files for the High Performance Computing-Coastal Ocean Modeling Framework and then generates the required model forcing files that drive LMHOFS. The nowcast and forecast model skill assessment is then presented.

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Lakes Michigan and Huron are joined through the 8.0 kilometer (km)-wide open-water Straits of Mackinac. The water depth is over 60 meters (m) in some places along the straits. Lakes Michigan and Huron are hydrologically one body of water because the flow of water through the straits keeps their water levels in near-equilibrium. When treated as one body of water, with a surface area of 117,300 km², Lakes Michigan and Huron is the largest freshwater lake in the world (Kelley and Chen, 2019).

There were two separate National Ocean Service (NOS) operational forecast systems, LMOFS and LHOFS, for Lake Michigan and Lake Huron, respectively, before the implementation of the new Lakes Michigan and Huron Operational Forecast System (LMHOFS). They used the Great Lakes version of the Princeton Ocean Model (POMGL) and had four daily nowcast and forecast cycles, which generated forecasts out to 60 hours. The horizontal grid resolution used for both LMOFS and LHOFS was 5 km. The nowcast cycles were forced by surface meteorological analyses of near-real-time meteorological observations from over water and over land platforms, which were used to provide heat and radiation fluxes and wind stress to POMGL. The forecast cycles were forced by gridded surface wind and air temperature forecasts (2.5 km resolution) from the National Weather Service (NWS) National Digital Forecast Database (NDFD).

The LMOFS and LHOFS nowcast and forecast guidance of water levels generally met the NOS-accepted criteria, which will be elaborated in Section 3.2. However, due to low resolutions of model grid and bathymetric data, LMOFS and LHOFS under-predicted water levels at certain locations. In addition, they could not fully reproduce water levels under severe weather conditions for a nowcast cycle, because the complexity of a weather system could not be completely represented given the low density of the meteorological observations. Generally, the surface water temperature nowcasts of LMOFS and LHOFS exhibited an unrealistic high-frequency oscillation possibly due to the coarse model grid resolution.

In 2013, NOS and the Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory (GLERL) began a project to update each of the OFS for the Great Lakes to provide improved lake predictions and guidance out to 120 hours. The Finite Volume Community Ocean Model (FVCOM) was selected as the core ocean model due to its unstructured grid design that would allow for higher horizontal resolution along the shore and its incorporation of more advanced algorithms to improve heat flux boundary conditions.

The new LMHOFS combines Lake Michigan and Lake Huron into one model grid (Figure 1) and invokes more advanced model schemes and algorithms, e.g., COARE2.6 Bulk Algorithm (Fairall et al., 1996) for heat flux. NOAA 3 arc-second bathymetry data are applied to delineate the land boundary. The horizontal model grid (Figure 2) is composed of 170,000 triangular elements and 90,000 nodes. The resolution varies from approximately 100 m near the shore to about 2.5 km offshore.

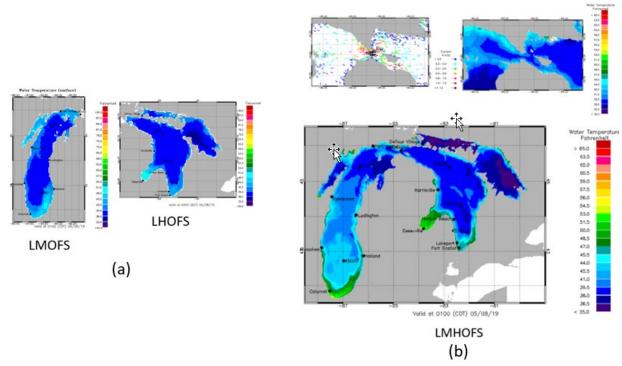


Figure 1. The a) separate LMOFS and LHOFS domains and b) combined LMHOFS domain.



Figure 2. LMHOFS model grid.

The grid generation module of the Surface-Water-Modeling System software was used by GLERL to generate the unstructured model grid. The model bathymetry was obtained by interpolating the GLERL digital bathymetry onto each unstructured FVCOM model grid node, referenced to the International Great Lakes Datum. The model bathymetry is shown in Figure 3.

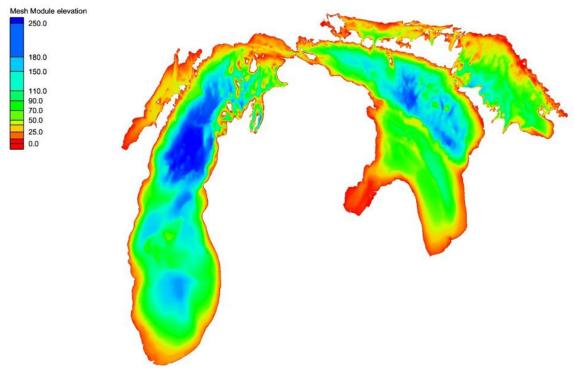


Figure 3. LMHOFS bathymetry in meters.

LMHOFS generates more accurate predictions than the previous LMOFS and LHOFS. The successful implementation and operation of LMHOFS provides more reliable information to help pilots and mariners safely and efficiently navigate through Lakes Michigan and Huron and also provides support for coastal zone management and hazard mitigation in this Great Lakes region.

LMHOFS has been running reliably with no instability issues since the semi-operational nowcast/forecast runs started in March 2018. Standard model skill assessment based on ten months (June 17, 2018–April 17, 2019) indicates that predictions have improved for all targeted variables, including water level, surface currents, and water temperature.

This technical report documents how the NOS Center for Operational Oceanographic Products and Services (CO-OPS) created the control and static files for the High Performance Computing-Coastal Ocean Modeling Framework (HPC-COMF), which supports LMHOFS and other NOS forecast systsms and then generates the required model forcing files that drive LMHOFS (Section 2). Nowcast and forecast skill assessment for the period of June 17, 2018–April 17, 2019 is then presented (Section 3).

#### 2.0 MODEL NOWCAST/FORECAST CONFIGURATION

This section describes the generation of 1) the meteorological surface forcing conditions, 2) the river forcing conditions, 3) the lateral open ocean boundary conditions, and 4) the initial conditions for LMHOFS nowcast/forecast predictions. All these forcing condition files are automatically generated by the HPC-COMF.

#### 2.1 Meteorological Forcing Conditions

Meteorological forcing conditions for LMHOFS are generated by the HPC-COMF similar to other existing NOS operational forecast systems. The **nos.lmhofs.ctl** file in /nosofs.vx.x.x/fix/lmhofs/ controls which NOAA numerical weather prediction model output is used. For LMHOFS, the High Resolution Rapid Refresh (HRRR) and Global Forecast System (GFS) with 0.25 degree resolution (GFS25) are used by specifying the following two parameters in the **nos.lmhofs.ctl** control file:

```
export DBASE_MET_NOW=HRRR
export DBASE_MET_FOR=GFS25
```

These control files indicate that HRRR is used for the nowcast and GFS25 for the forecast meteorological forcing conditions. The shell script nos\_ofs\_create\_forcing\_met.sh within /nosofs.vx.x.x/ush/ can be launched to generate nos.lmhofs.met.nowcast.yyyymmdd.tccz.nc and nos.lmhofs.met.forecast.yyyymmdd.tccz.nc (where yyyy, mm, dd, and cc in "tccz" indicate respectively the year, month, day, and cycle of the nowcast/forecast). The required HRRR and GFS25 model output files exist in the Weather and Climate Operational Supercomputing System (WCOSS) data tank.

NDFD was initially planned to be used to generate forecast meteorological forcing as in the previous LMOFS/LHOFS. Unfortunately, sea surface air pressure, the variable that is required by LMHOFS to generate the meteorological forcing conditions, is not available in NDFD.

# 2.2 River Forcing Conditions

LMHOFS relies on freshwater inputs at four United States Geological Survey (USGS) river gauges: St. Mary's River (04127885), St. Clair River (04159130), Saginaw River (04157005) and Fox River (040851385) as shown in Figure 4. The most recent discharge rate and water temperature of each river can be retrieved directly from the National Centers for Environmental Prediction (NCEP) data tank on WCOSS. Table 1 is part of the river control file of **nos.lmhofs.river.ctl** showing the locations of the four rivers and the discharge scales of these rivers at given grid points.

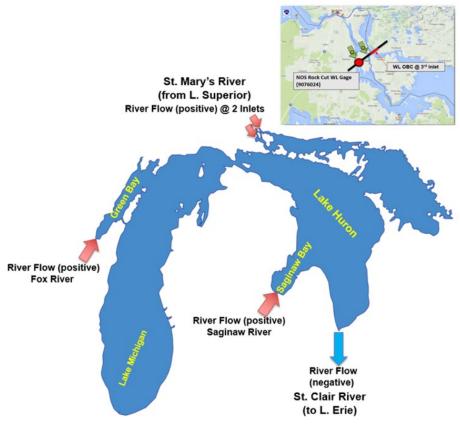


Figure 4. River systems of LMHOFS.

Table 1. LMHOFS river control file nos.lmhofs.river.ctl.

```
Section 1: Information about USGS or NOS gages where real-time discharges and/or water temperature observations are available

        T_min
        T_max
        T_mean
        O_Flag
        TS_Flag

        0.0
        28.0
        12.0
        1
        1

        0.0
        28.0
        12.0
        1
        1

        0.0
        28.0
        12.0
        1
        1

                                                                                                                                                                                                  River Name
"ST MARY'S RIVER AT SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO
"ST. CLAIR RIVER AT PORT HURON, MI"
                                                                                                                                                                                                   "SAGINAW RIVER AT SAGINAW"
"FOX RIVER AT GREEN BAY, WI"
"use for ST Mary river temperaure
5 9076070 SWPM4 COOPS -9999. 9999. 0.0 28.0 Section 2: Information of FVCOM grids/locations to specify river inputs
                                                                                                                                                                       River_Basin Name
"ST MARY'S RIVER AT SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO
"ST MARY'S RIVER AT SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO
"ST. CLAIR RIVER AT PORT HURON, MI"
"ST. CLAIR RIVER AT PORT HURON, MI"
  GRID_ID NODE_ID ELE_ID DIR
1 95709 95709 0
2 96378 96378 0
3 120667 120667 0
                                                                                                                                            T Scale
                                                               FLAG RiverID Q Q Scale RiverID T
                 120665
                                120665
                                                                                                      -0.33
                 120662
                                120662
                                                                                                      -0.33
                                                                                                                                                                        "ST. CLAIR RIVER AT PORT HURON.
                                                                                                                                                                       "SAGINAW RIVER AT SAGINAW"
"SAGINAW RIVER AT SAGINAW"
"SAGINAW RIVER AT SAGINAW"
"SAGINAW RIVER AT SAGINAW"
                               171348
                171348
                                                                                                        0.25
                                                                                                                                                                       "FOX RIVER AT GREEN BAY, WI"
"FOX RIVER AT GREEN BAY, WI"
"FOX RIVER AT GREEN BAY, WI"
                                                                                                        0.33
```

Since the USGS river data represent real-time observations, river discharge and water temperature cover only the nowcast cycle. For the forecast cycle, the most recent river discharge and water temperature observations are used for the 120-hour duration of the cycle. The climatological river discharge and water temperature data (multiple-year daily mean from USGS) are used when real-time observations are not available for a given time period. The climatological data for each river can be found in **nos.ofs.river.clim.usgs.nc**, which is in /nosofs.vx.x.x/fix/share.

Water temperature is not measured at the St. Mary's station (USGS 04127885); therefore, the measured value from the nearby S.W. Pier station (CO-OPS 9076070) is used at this location (Table 1).

#### 2.3 Water Level Boundary Conditions

The water level boundary conditions include both the surface low-frequency water level and the lateral boundary condition at the St. Mary's River. As documented in the LMHOFS hindcast technical report (Kelley and Chen, 2019), the calculation of the low-frequency water level has been an ongoing challenge in modeling the Great Lakes accurately. While the inflow and outflow of LMHOFS can be obtained from observed discharge at the St. Mary's River and the St. Clair River, and the two main tributaries' discharge can be obtained from observations at the Saginaw River and Fox River, there are still some unmeasurable water sources and sinks in the system. The unaccounted inflow/outflow is due to a combination of inflow from other small tributaries, runoff, and over-lake precipitation and evaporation. It can be represented by the term,  $Q_{residual}$ .

$$Q_{residual} = Area \times dH/dt - (Q_{St.Mary's River} + Q_{Tributaries} - Q_{St.Clair River})$$
 (1)

where dH/dt is calculated by averaging the observed water level change over the previous five days at the following four NOS/CO-OPS water level gauges: Milwaukee, Wisconsin (9087057), Ludington, Michigan (9087023), Mackinaw City, Michigan (9075080), and Harbor Beach, Michigan (9075014).  $Q_{St.Mary's\ River}$ ,  $Q_{Tributaries}$ , and  $Q_{St.Clair\ River}$  are respectively the inflow at the St. Mary's River, the total discharge of the two tributaries that are considered, and the outflow at the St. Clair River. Area is the surface area of Lakes Michigan and Huron.

The residual water level change is calculated by the following formula:

$$H_{residual} = Q_{residual}/Are$$

*H*<sub>residual</sub> is then added to LMHOFS via the precipitation/evaporation in the forcing files **nos.lmhofs.met.nowcast.yyyymmdd.tccz.nc** and **nos.lmhofs.met.forecast.yyyymmdd.tccz.nc**.

The above methodology was initially designed by GLERL. Here, however, CO-OPS uses a simplified version to calculate  $H_{residual}$  as in the following equation:

$$H_{residual} = HO_{average} - HM_{average} \tag{2}$$

where  $HO_{average}$  and  $HM_{average}$  are the averaged measured water level at those four stations and the averaged model water level at all grid points.

There are two reasons for this simplification. One is that the new method directly nudges the modeled water level to the observation, avoiding potential mistakes in obtaining inflow, outflow, and tributaries whose values are not required for the model. The other is that (2) implies that the model water level simulation results are independent of the water level correctness in the initial file. Even without a sound restart file, nowcast/forecast (N/F) running with (2) will bring the model water level close to the observation value within a few cycles.

A new subdirectory, **nos\_ofs\_residual\_water\_calculation.fd**, has been added into COMF under /nosofs.vx.x.x/sorc, where **nos\_ofs\_residual\_water\_calculation.f** can be found. This Fortran code, along with its control file, **nos.lmhofs.wl.calculation.ctl** (which is generated from **nos\_ofs\_residual\_water\_calculation.sh)**, will be used to calculate the *H*<sub>residual</sub>. The Figure 5 flow chart shows how to obtain residual data and insert the value into the LMHOFS meteorological forcing files, **nos.lmhofs.met.nowcast.yyyymmdd.tccz.nc** and **nos.lmhofs.met.forecast.yyyymmdd.tccz.nc**.

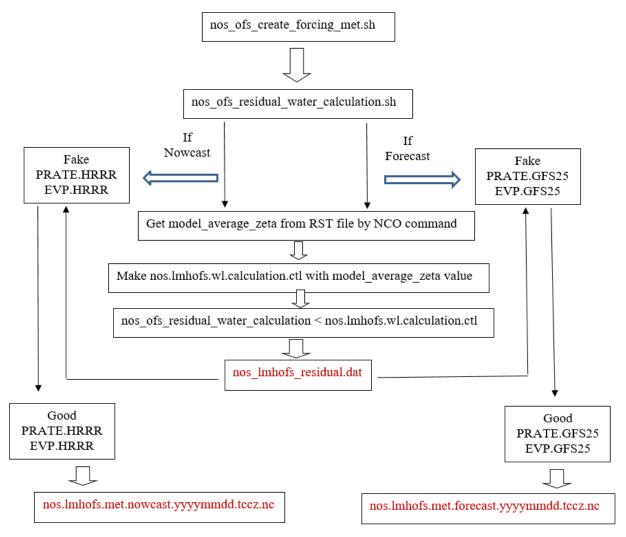


Figure 5. Flow chart to obtain lake residual data and insert it into meteorological forcing files.

The residual water can be distributed to the **nos.lmhofs.met.nowcast.yyyymmdd.tccz.nc** and **nos.lmhofs.met.forecast.yyyymmdd.tccz.nc** files. However, in practice, the residual water is evenly distributed into the nowcast meteorological forcing, **nos.lmhofs.met.nowcast.yyyymmdd.tccz.nc**. The **nos.lmhofs.met.forecast.yyyymmdd.tccz.nc**, therefore, contains no precipitation/evaporation adjustment.

#### 2.4 Initial Conditions

In COMF, **nos\_ofs\_read\_restart\_fvcom.f** is used to read the FVCOM-based OFS model initial/restart file. If the values and attributes of the variable "time" are correct, then the initial file is not changed. Otherwise, the following actions may be conducted if needed:

- (1) Change the reference time (the attribute of "units" in the initial NetCDF file) of the variables "time" and "Itime" in the initial file if the reference time is different from \${BASE DATE} specified in the control file such as "nos.lmhofs.ctl", etc.
- (2) Recompute the values of the variables "time" and "Itime" using \${BASE\_DATE} as the reference time in the initial file if (1) is conducted.

(3) If the "time" is 48 hours less than \${time\_nowcastend}, then the nowcast cycle is terminated. An initial condition file has to be constructed manually with zero surface elevation, zero velocity, and reasonable water temperature and salinity.

For additional information, see Zhang and Yang (2014).

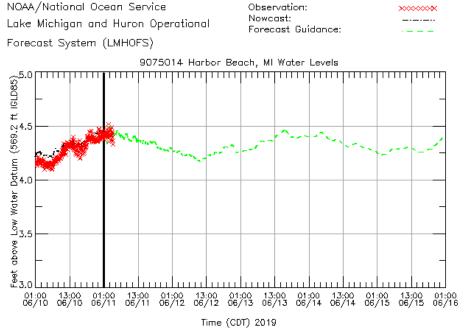
In the case of LMHOFS, the output restart file from the nowcast of the last cycle is used to generate the initial condition for the nowcast of the current cycle. For example, **nos.lmhofs.rst.nowcast.YYYYMMDD.t00z.nc** from the nowcast at 00z will be renamed (after minor "time" and "Itime" related revision) to **nos.lmhofs.init.nowcastYYYYMMDD.t06z.nc** for the nowcast at 06z. The restart file from the 06z cycle nowcast (**nos.lmhofs.rst.nowcast.YYYYMMDD.t06z.nc**) will be used for the 06z forecast cycle.

#### 3.0 NOWCAST/FORECAST MODEL SKILL ASSESSMENT

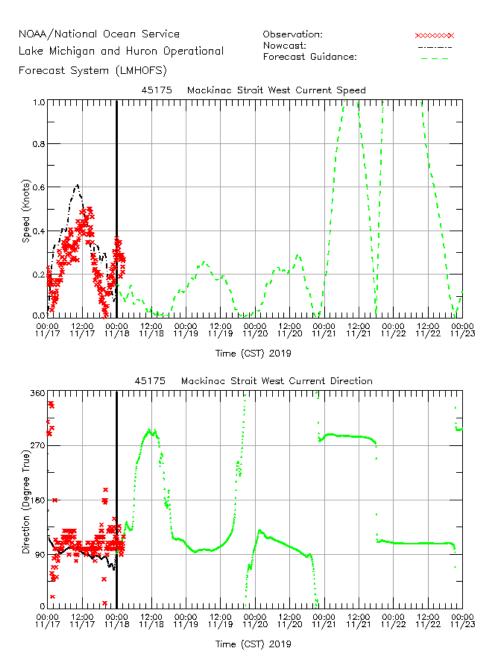
LMHOFS performed robustly, producing reasonable predictions from its nowcast and forecast (N/F) cycles for water level, currents, and temperature over the model's skill assessment period of June 17, 2018–April 17, 2019. This is visually validated by the cycle-by-cycle nowcast and forecast results as shown in Figures 6–8. However, to provide more scientific and objective analysis of the model performance, documented skill assessment metrics (Zhang et al., 2009) were used. Section 3.1 describes the cycle-by-cycle nowcast and forecast results. Section 3.2 briefly reviews the basics of skill assessment statistics, followed by the results of the LMHOFS nowcast and forecast skill assessment in Section 3.3.

#### 3.1 Nowcast and Forecast Results

The latest cycle's nowcast/forecast predictions are displayed on the LMHOFS operational website (Tides and Currents, 2019). Generally, the cycle-by-cycle results (Figures 6–8) indicate that the model typically meets NOS navigation requirements for water level, surface currents, and water temperature in nowcast and forecast time windows at all stations where measurements are available. The results of the standard NOS model skill assessment and a further model evaluation for a winter storm event can be found in Section 3.3.



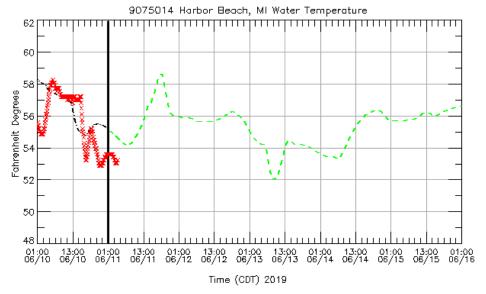
**Figure 6.** Example of water level nowcast (black dashed line) and forecast (green dashed line) output at Harbor Beach, MI.



**Figure 7.** Example of surface water current speed and direction nowcast (black dashed line) and forecast (green dashed line) output at Mackinac Strait West.

NOAA/National Ocean Service Lake Michigan and Huron Operational Forecast System (LMHOFS)

Observation: Nowcast: Forecast Guidance: \*\*\*\*\*\*\*



**Figure 8.** Example of water surface temperature nowcast (black dashed line) and forecast (green dashed line) output at Harbor Beach, MI.

#### 3.2 Skill Assessment Software System and Data Source

This section provides an overview of the NOS model skill assessment statistics and software and discusses the data sources used for the N/F model skill assessment

#### Skill assessment statistics

Skill assessment is an objective measurement of the performance of a model when systematically compared with observations. NOS skill assessment criteria were created for evaluating the performance of circulation models (Hess et al., 2003), and a software package was subsequently developed to compute these criteria using standard file format output from the models (Zhang et al., 2009). The software computes the skill assessment scores automatically using files containing observations and N/F model results. A standard suite of skill assessment statistics is defined in Table 2.

**Table 2.** Skill assessment statistics (Hess et al., 2003).

Variable	Explanation					
Error	The error is defined as the predicted value, p, minus the reference (observed or astronomical tide					
Ι	value, $r: e_i = p_i - r_i$ .					
SM	Series Mean. The mean value of a series y. Calculated as $\overline{y} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} y_i$ .					
RMSE	Root Mean Square Error. Calculated as $RMSE = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} e_i^2}$ .					
SD	Standard Deviation. Calculated as $SD = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (e_i - \overline{e})^2}$					
CF(X)	Central Frequency. Fraction (percentage) of errors that lie within the limits $\pm X$ .					
POF(X)	Positive Outlier Frequency. Fraction (percentage) of errors that are greater than X.					
NOF(X)	Negative Outlier Frequency. Fraction (percentage) of errors that are less than -X.					
MDPO(X)	Maximum Duration of Positive Outliers. A positive outlier event is two or more consecutive occurrences of an error greater than X. MDPO is the length of time (based on the number of consecutive occurrences) of the longest event.					
MDNO(X)	Maximum Duration of Negative Outliers. A negative outlier event is two or more consecutive occurrences of an error less than -X. MDNO is the length of time (based on the number of consecutive occurrences) of the longest event.					

The target frequencies of the associated statistics based on navigation requirements are:

$$CF(X) \ge 90\%$$
,  $POF(2X) \le 1\%$ ,  $NOF(2X) \le 1\%$ ,  $MDPO(2X) \le N$ ,  $MDNO(2X) \le N$ 

The NOS-accepted error criteria (X) are: 0.15 m for water level, 3.0 °C for water temperature, and 0.26 meters per second (m/s) for surface currents. The accepted N (duration) is 24 hours.

#### **Data sources**

As shown in Table 3 and Figure 9, the observed data were collected from two NOAA entities - CO-OPS and the NWS National Data Buoy Center (NDBC). To conduct the skill assessment, CO-OPS retrieved real-time measurements of water level, surface currents, and surface water temperature to compare with the model results. Observed data at some stations were not available for certain periods. The missing data periods (in days) are indicated in the headers of the corresponding model skill assessment tables in Appendices A, C and D. Note: two NDBC stations, Muskegon Buoy and Saginaw Bay Buoy, are maintained by GLERL.

**Table 3.** The observation stations used for skill assessment of LMHOFS. In the table, WL, CU and T respectively represent water level, water current and water temperature. The two NDBC stations with \* label are maintained by GLERL.

Owner	Station ID	Lat	Lon	Station Name	<b>Variables</b>
CO-OPS	9087031	42.79	-86.20	Holland, MI	WL, T
CO-OPS	9087023	43.95	-86.44	Ludington, MI	WL
CO-OPS	9087096	45.97	-85.87	Port Inland, MI	WL, T
CO-OPS	9075080	45.78	-84.72	Mackinaw, MI	WL, T
CO-OPS	9087044	41.73	-87.54	Calumet, MI	WL
CO-OPS	9087068	44.46	-87.50	Kewaunee, WI	WL
CO-OPS	9087057	43.00	-87.89	Milwaukee	WL
CO-OPS	9075099	45.99	-83.90	De Tour Village, MI	WL, T
CO-OPS	9087072	44.80	-87.31	Sturgeon Bay Canal	WL
CO-OPS	9075035	43.64	-83.85	Essexville, MI	WL
CO-OPS	9075014	43.85	-82.64	Harbor Beach, MI	WL, T
CO-OPS	9075002	43.14	-82.49	Lakeport, MI	WL
CO-OPS	9014098	43.01	-82.42	Fort Gratiot, MI	WL
NDBC	45014	44.80	-87.76	South Green Bay, WI	CU, T
NDBC	45002	45.34	-86.41	North Michigan	Т
NDBC	45013	43.10	-87.85	Atwater Park, WI	Т
NDBC	45024	43.98	-86.56	Ludington Buoy, MI	Т
NDBC	45007	42.67	-87.03	South Michigan	Т
*NDBC	45161	43.18	-86.36	Muskegon Buoy, MI	CU, T
NDBC	45174	42.14	-87.66	Wilmette Buoy, IL	Т
NDBC	45029	42.90	-86.27	Holland Buoy, MI	Т
NDBC	45170	41.76	-86.97	Michigan City Buoy	Т
NDBC	45168	42.40	-86.33	South Haven Buoy, MI	Т
NDBC	45175	45.83	-84.77	Mackinac Strait West	CU, T
NDBC	45003	45.35	-82.84	North Huron	Т
NDBC	45162	44.98	-83.27	Thunder Bay Buoy, MI	Т
*NDBC	45163	43.99	-83.6	Saginaw Bay Buoy, MI	CU, T
NDBC	45008	44.28	-82.42	South Huron	Т



**Figure 9.** The locations of observation stations used for model skill assessment. CO-OPS stations are in purple, NDBC stations are in green. Muskegon Buoy and Saginaw Bay Buoy are maintained by GLERL.

#### 3.3. Nowcast and Forecast Skill Assessment

The LMHOFS semi-operational nowcast and forecast assessment period was from June17, 2018-April 17, 2019, and the results from these simulations were organized into time series for analysis using the skill assessment software. Generally, RMSE, CF, NOF, POF, MDNO, and MDPO at each station satisfy the error criteria for most variables in both nowcast and forecast scenarios. The results of the skill assessment for water level, surface currents, and temperature are discussed in the following subsections.

#### Results of water level skill assessment

The skill assessment used thirteen water level stations (Table 3 and Figure 9), seven at Lake Michigan and six at Lake Huron. Modeled water levels generally agree well with observations. A typical cycle of N/F results is shown in Figure 6.

The RMSEs of nowcast water level at all stations are less than 0.15 m, the accepted error criteria for navigation applications. The RMSE results are shown in Figure 10. Figure 11 shows the forecast RMSE values at different forecast lead times from 6 hours to 120 hours. In general, forecasts out to 120 hours are all within accepted error limits (i.e.,  $\leq 0.15$  m).

The tables in Appendix A show details of water elevation model skill assessment results at all stations for all skill metrics. Generally, nowcast and forecast CF values at all locations range from 91.4% to 100.0% (where  $\geq 90\%$  is the accepted error criteria). High CF values are due to the

nudging technique that was employed in the model. NOF and POF are less than 1% (the NOS accepted error criteria) at all stations for both nowcast and forecast scenarios. Both MDNO and MDPO at all stations are less than the required 24-hour criteria for both scenarios. The Essexville station did not perform as well as the rest of the stations, where the POF range is from 0.0–0.7% and the MDPO reaches 11.8 hours for the forecasts. Relatively poor model performance at Essexville might be due to the location of the station, which is at the head of the Saginaw Bay, where meteorological model output (HRRR and GFS25), which are used to drive LMHOFS, could not provide realistic meteorological forcings. This will be discussed later in this report where a winter storm event is investigated.

Time series comparisons of modeled and observed water level at all thirteen stations are shown in Appendix B. Modeled results generally agree with the observations at every station. During the assessment period, the observation at Port Inland is one month short. For consistency, the time series at this station is retained in the report.

Water level error comparisons were also made between LMHOFS and the previous POM-based LMOFS/LHOFS. Figure 12 shows the nowcast RMSE comparisons at twelve stations. LMHOFS significantly outperformed POM-based models at ten stations. For example, the LMHOFS water level nowcast at Essexville is ~0.04 m better than the LHOFS nowcast. Only at Calumet and De Tour Village does LMHOFS show lower water level skill than LMOFS or LHOFS.

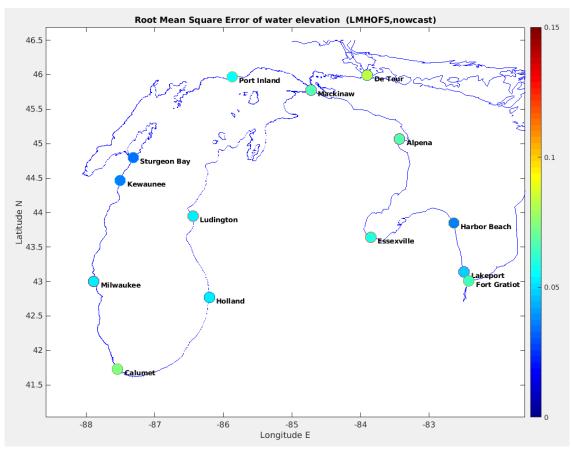
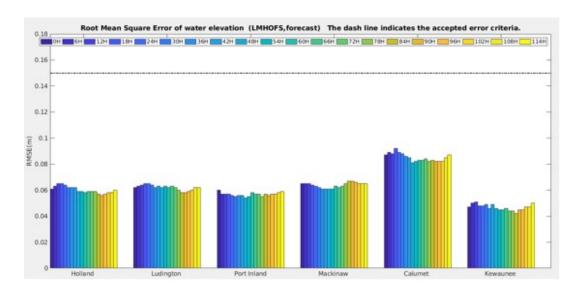
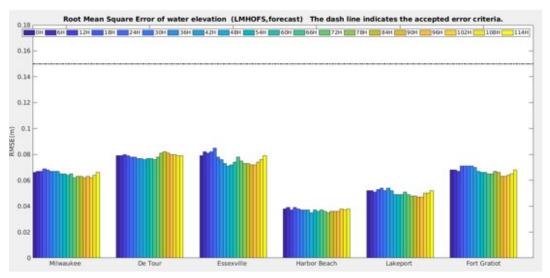


Figure 10. Nowcast RMSE of water level.





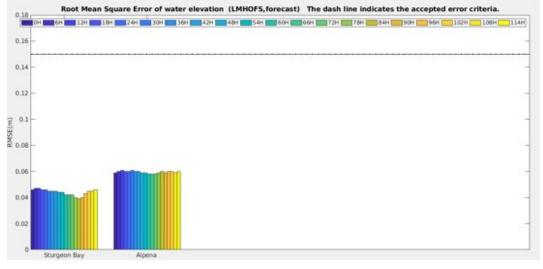


Figure 11. Forecast RMSE of water level.

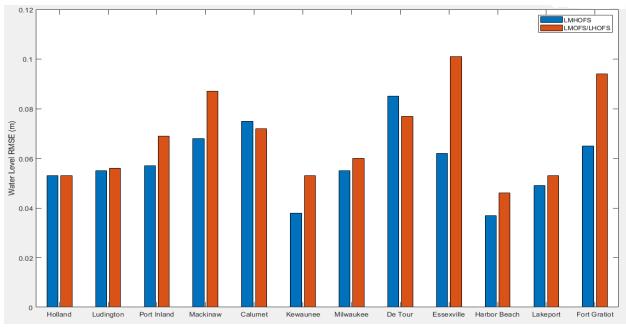


Figure 12. Nowcast water level RMSE comparison between LMHOFS (blue) and LMOFS/LHOFS (red).

#### Results of surface water currents skill assessment

The skill assessment used four water current stations (Table 3 and Figure 9). Modeled surface water currents generally agree well with observations at all currents stations. A typical cycle of N/F results is shown in Figure 7.

The RMSE of surface current speed for the nowcast and forecast results are shown in Figures 13 and 14. All stations meet NOS error criteria for navigation applications of 0.26 m/s. The details of surface current speed skill assessment results of all stations can be found in the tables in Appendix C. The RMSE values of surface current speed range from 0.049 m/s at South Green Bay to 0.143 m/s at Mackinac Strait West. The model is highly accurate in predicting water current speed, due largely to the FVCOM model physics and accuracy of HRRR and GFS winds, which offer reasonable meteorological forcing for LMHOFS. High skill in CF is also attained.

NOS model skill assessment software only accepts currents (faster than 0.26 m/s) to calculate the current direction skill metrics. Since the means of surface current speeds (shown in Tables C-1–C-4) are slower than 0.26 m/s for all stations, the current direction skill assessment results in Tables C-5–C-8 are not reliable (and cannot be considered when assessing model performance) and are retained only for informational purposes. Thus, the current speed error criterion of 0.26 m/s might be too tolerant to assess the model performance in the Great Lakes or other inland water bodies where currents are generally slower than in coastal regions.

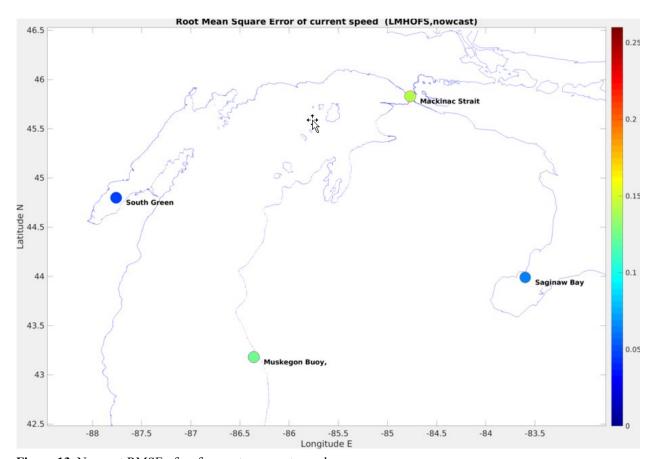


Figure 13. Nowcast RMSE of surface water current speed.

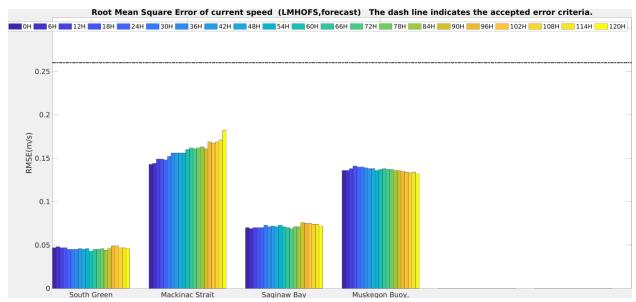


Figure 14. Forecast RMSE of surface water current speed.

#### Results of surface water temperature skill assessment

Model evaluation and skill assessment were conducted at twenty stations for surface water temperature. Five are CO-OPS year-round National Water Level Observation Network

(NWLON) stations, while the other fifteen are NDBC seasonal buoys (Table 3 and Figure 9). Modeled surface water temperatures generally agree well with observations at all locations. Figure 8 shows representative N/F results at the Harbor Beach station.

Nowcast and forecast RMSEs of surface water temperature are illustrated, respectively, in Figures 15 and 16. By comparison, the model's skill in predicting water temperature is not as good as the water level skill as described previously. The error at most stations is less than  $3.0~^{\circ}$ C, which is the NOS water temperature accepted error criteria for navigation applications. The nowcast RMSE at three stations, however, is larger than the criteria (Appendix D). The errors are lowest at Saginaw Bay and North Michigan, whose RMSE values are near  $1.7~^{\circ}$ C. In contrast, the nowcast RMSE is highest at North Huron (i.e., exceeds criterion), where the RMSE is  $\sim 3.6~^{\circ}$ C.

Further details of model skill assessment results at all stations can be found in the tables in Appendix D. As shown in the tables, CF did not meet the required 90% criterion at most stations, most notably at De Tour Village (59.2%). NOF and POF did not meet the criterion at some stations. The value of POF at Holland Buoy, for instance, was 6.7% for the nowcast and ≤11.6% for the forecast. MDNO and MDPO also exceeded the required 24-hour criteria at some stations. For example, MDNO and MDPO exceeded 100 hours at some stations, such as at Holland and Holland Buoy.

At some stations (Figure 16), like Muskegon Buoy, the nowcast (at 0h) RMSE values are higher than the values at some forecast lead times (06h and over). These unusual results might stem from the residual water approach described in Section 2.3. Since the residual water-induced water level adjustment is performed on the nowcast cycle only, the precipitate flux of water into/out of the system might create unrealistic results of water level and temperature, and therefore higher RMSE. This is the same reason that higher RMSE of water level can also be found at 0H for some stations in Figure 11.

Time series comparisons of modeled and observed water surface temperature at all stations are shown in Appendix E. Modeled results generally agree with the observations for every station, although the skill assessment indicates that the acceptable error thresholds were not attained at certain locations as previously mentioned. During the assessment period, only four CO-OPS NWLON stations (Holland, Mackinaw, De Tour Village, and Harbor Beach) collected data for the entire assessment period. All NDBC stations and one CO-OPS station (Port Inland) have observations only for 2018. These stations did not collect temperature measurements for the winter season.

Water temperature comparisons were also made between LMHOFS and LMOFS/LHOFS. Figure 17 shows the nowcast RMSE comparisons at five stations. LMHOFS outperforms POMbased models at all stations with the greatest improvement at Holland station, where RMSE improves about 1 °C.

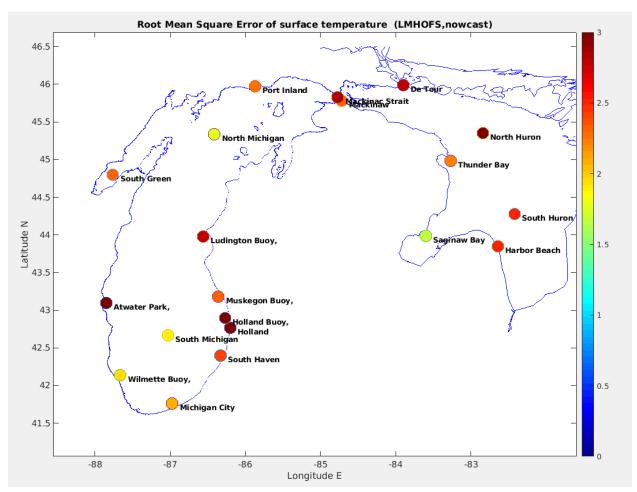


Figure 15. Nowcast RMSE of surface water temperature.

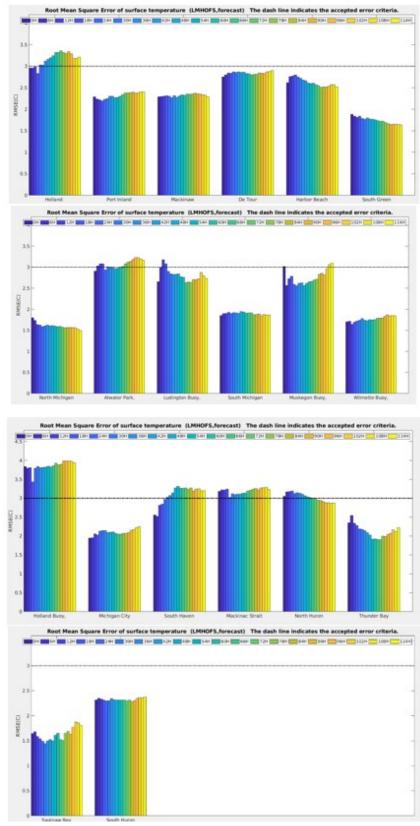
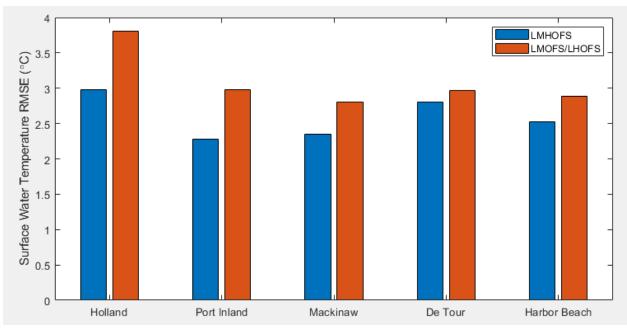


Figure 16. Forecast RMSE of surface water temperature.



**Figure 17.** Nowcast surface water temperature RMSE comparison between LMHOFS (blue) and LMOFS/LHOFS (red).

#### Further model evaluation during a winter storm event

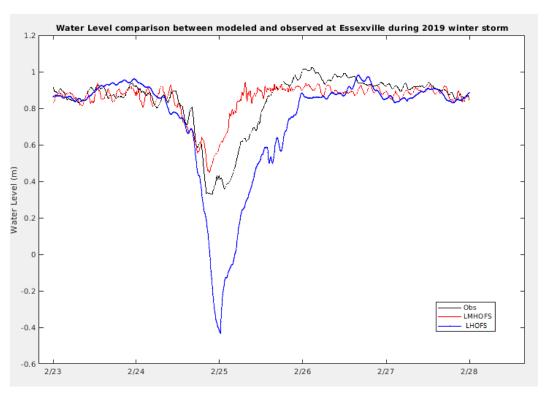
As previously described, CO-OPS evaluated LMHOFS' performance of water level, surface current, and surface temperature compared with the POM-based LMOFS/LHOFS. The comparative performance of LMHOFS, LMOFS, and LHOFS was also investigated for a strong winter storm event.

The Great Lakes area experienced a severe winter storm on February 24–26, 2019. Figures 18 and 19 show the comparisons of LMHOFS and LHOFS/LMOFS water level difference at Essexville and Port Inland. Observed water levels at these two stations are also shown in the figures.

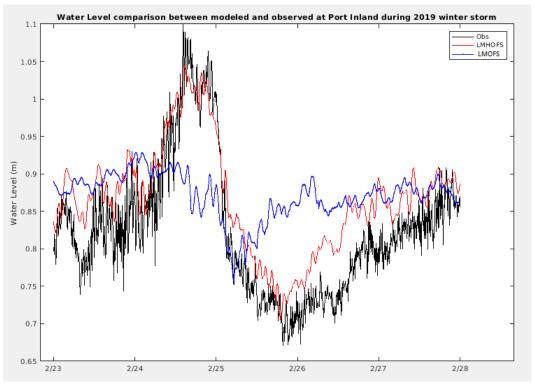
Figure 18 indicates LHOFS over-predicted the drop in water level at Essexville. At 2/25/00Z the difference of model prediction and observation was almost 1.0 m. LMHOFS produced better water level results and slightly under-predicted the drop in water level. Its overall water level error during this event was less than 0.2 m.

Figure 19 shows much-improved skill at Port Inland for LMHOFS compared to LMOFS. LMOFS under-predicted both the observed water level rise and subsequent fall during this event.

Improved wind forcings for LMHOFS is the reason for the improvement in water level prediction at the Essexville station. As mentioned previously, LHOFS/LMOFS used observations from coastal and buoy stations, as well as the interpolated wind forcing, to drive the model nowcast. LMHOFS, however, uses HRRR output as the wind-forcing. The HRRR provides higher resolution (3 km) winds and is updated hourly.



**Figure 18.** LMHOFS (red) and LHOFS (blue) water level difference compared to observations (black) at Essexville during the winter storm event.



**Figure 19.** LMHOFS (red) and LMOFS (blue) water level difference compared to observations (black) at Port Inland during the winter storm event.

Figure 20 shows LMHOFS and LHOFS winds at Essexville during the winter storm event. When the wind reached its peak on February 25, LHOFS used the interpolated wind speed of ~23 m/s and LMHOFS used a wind speed of ~13 m/s. The lower HRRR winds used for LMHOFS improved the model skill compared to the higher interpolated winds used in LHOFS.

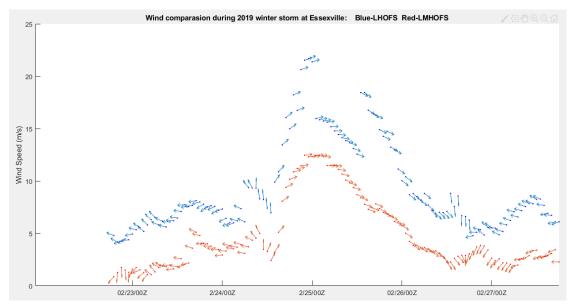


Figure 20. LMHOFS (red) and LHOFS (blue) wind difference at Essexville.

Similarly, wind differences of the two OFSs at Port Inland are shown in Figure 21. There is no clear indication at this station that the local wind was solely responsible for the different water level response of LMHOFS and LMOFS. The overall design of LMHOFS to be a higher resolution, integrated (combined LMOFS and LHOFS) FVCOM-based model was also a large contributing factor to the observed improvement in performance during this storm event.

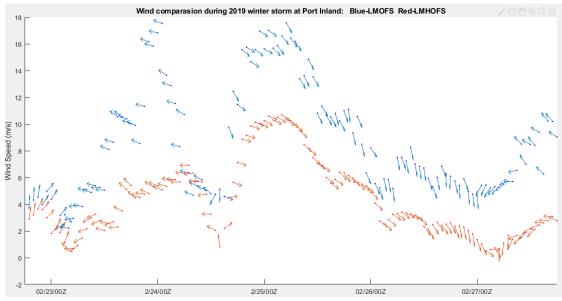


Figure 21. LMHOFS (red) and LMOFS (blue) wind difference at Port Inland.

#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS

GLERL developed and tested the LMHOFS, and NOS/Office of Coast Survey conducted hindcast skill assessment (Kelley and Chen, 2019). CO-OPS successfully implemented this OFS using the HPC-COMF on WCOSS. The COMF automatically generates all necessary forcing files for nowcast and forecast predictions in real-time mode. The LMHOFS nowcast/forecast runs began in March 2018, and its outputs for the period of June 17–April 17, 2019 were used for the LMHOFS N/F skill assessment.

The results indicate that all water level skill metrics passed NOS assessment criteria. For example, RMSEs at all stations were less than 0.15 m, the accepted error criteria for navigation applications. CFs for both nowcast and forecast were larger than 90.0%, and NOF and POF were less than 1% at all stations.

The RMSE of surface current speed for the nowcast and forecast results met NOS error criterion of 0.26 m/s. CF of water current speed was also within acceptable error tolerances. The current direction skill assessment was not reliable due to the lower current speeds typically occurring in the Great Lakes region.

The surface water temperature predictions agree well with observations. For the skill assessment period, the surface temperature RMSE was below or very close to its criterion threshold (3.0 °C) in all cases. Most other variables (CF, NOF, POF, MDNO, and MDPO) met the NOS-accepted skill assessment criteria.

Water level and surface temperature comparisons were made between LMHOFS and the POM-based LMOFS/LHOFS. LMHOFS outperformed LMOFS/LHOFS at all stations for water temperature prediction and at almost all stations for water level prediction.

Also, LMHOFS outperformed LMOFS/LHOFS in water level prediction during a strong winter storm within the skill assessment period. The design of the FVCOM-based system, and high resolution HRRR wind forcing were contributing factors.

LMHOFS became operational on WCOSS in July 2019 (NOS, 2019). The successful implementation of this new OFS provides reliable forecast guidance on water level, currents, and temperature to support NOS' navigation customers and will serve as the hydrodynamic basis for future operational ice modeling and other applications in the region.

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

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Appendix A. Water Level Model Skill Assessment Tables

Appendix B. Time Series of Modeled Water Level Versus Observations

Appendix C. Surface Currents Skill Assessment Tables

Appendix D. Surface Water Temperature Skill Assessment Tables

Appendix E. Time Series of Modeled Surface Water Temperature Versus Observations

## APPENDIX A. WATER LEVEL MODEL SKILL ASSESSEMENT TABLES

Table A-1. Water level skill assessment at Holland

Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered .\_\_\_\_\_ VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 68572 0.907 68572 0.944 15 cm 24h 68572 -0.037 0.053 0.038 0.1 99.0 0.0 1.8 0.0 0.00 0.88 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST H006-h006 15 cm 24h 953 -0.042 0.061 0.043 0.0 98.1 15 cm 24h 955 -0.0.1 15 cm 24h 952 -0.043 15 cm 24h 950 -0.047 15 cm 24h 950 -0.047 15 cm 24h 949 -0.047 15 cm 24h 948 -0.046 15 cm 24h 947 -0.045 15 cm 24h 946 -0.045 15 cm 24h 946 -0.045 0.0 0.0 0.0 H012-h012 0.063 0.046 0.0 97.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 H018-h018 0.065 0.047 0.0 97.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 H024-h024 0.065 0.045 0.0 97.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 H030-h030 0.064 0.044 0.0 98.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H036-h036 0.062 0.042 0.0 98.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 H042-h042 0.062 0.043 0.0 97.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 946 -0.045 945 -0.043 944 -0.043 0.0 97.9 H048-h048 0.062 0.044 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h H054-h054 0.059 0.040 0.0 98.6 0 - 00.0 0.0 H060-h060 0.059 0.040 0.0 98.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 H066-h066 943 -0.042 0.058 0.039 0.0 98.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 H072-h072 942 -0.043 0.059 0.041 98.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 941 -0.043 15 cm 24h 940 -0.043 15 cm 24h 939 -0.042 15 cm 24h 957 -0.040 H078-h078 0.059 0.040 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H084-h084 0.059 0.041 0.0 98.7 0.0 H090-h090 0.057 0.040 99.0 0.0 99.2 H096-h096 0.056 0.040 0.0 15 cm 24h 956 -0.039 0.057 0.041 0.0 99.2 15 cm 24h 955 -0.040 0.058 0.042 0.0 98.7 15 cm 24h 954 -0.041 0.058 0.041 0.0 99.0 15 cm 24h 953 -0.042 0.060 0.044 0.0 98.3 H102-h102 0.0 0.0 H108-h108 0.0 0.0 0.0 H114-h114 0.0 0.0 0.0 H120-h120 0.0 0.0 0.0

## Table A-2. Water level skill assessment at Ludington

Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST
H 68572 0.907
h 68572 0.949
H-h 15 cm 24h 68572 -0.042 0.055 0.035 0.1 99.3 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.00 0.88
SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST

Ludington

H006-h006 15 cm 24h 953 -0.047 0.062 0.041 0.0 98.5 H012-h012 15 cm 24h 952 -0.049 0.063 0.041 0.0 98.7 0.0 0.0 952 -0.049 0.063 0.041 0.0 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 951 -0.049 0.064 0.040 0.0 15 cm 24h 950 -0.052 0.065 0.040 0.0 H018-h018 0.0 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 H024-h024 98.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 949 -0.052 0.065 0.040 15 cm 24h 948 -0.051 0.064 0.039 H030-h030 0.0 98.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 H036-h036 0.0 98.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 947 -0.049 0.062 0.039 15 cm 24h 946 -0.049 0.063 0.040 H042-h042 0.0 98.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 H048-h048 0.0 98.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 945 -0.048 0.062 0.039 0.0 15 cm 24h 944 -0.049 0.063 0.040 0.0 H054-h054 98.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 H060-h060 98.2 0.00.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 943 -0.049 0.062 0.039 15 cm 24h 942 -0.050 0.063 0.038 H066-h066 0.0 98.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 H072-h072 0.0 98 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 15 cm 24h 941 -0.049 0.062 0.038 15 cm 24h 940 -0.047 0.060 0.037 H078-h078 0.0 99.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H084-h084 0.0 99.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 99.8 15 cm 24h 939 -0.045 0.058 0.035 0.0 15 cm 24h 957 -0.045 0.058 0.036 0.0 H090-h090 0.0 0.0 0.0 H096-h096 99.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 957 -0.045 0.058 0.036 0.0 99.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 955 -0.046 0.060 0.039 0.0 99.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 954 -0.047 0.062 0.040 0.0 98.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 953 -0.046 0.062 0.041 0.0 98.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 953 -0.046 0.062 0.041 0.0 98.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 H102-h102 H108-h108 H114-h114 H120-h120

Table A-3. Water level skill assessment at Port Inland

Station: Port Inland Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to /12/ 2/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 63506 0.923 63506 0.881 н h 0.042 0.057 0.038 0.0 99.3 0.0 1.0 0.0 0.00 0.89 H-h 15 cm 24h 63506 0.0.00 0.0 0.0 882 0.031 0.057 0.047 880 0.031 0.057 0.048 0.0 0.0 0.1 H024-h024 15 cm 24h 0.0 98.6 0.0 0.0 878 0.030 0.056 0.047 876 0.029 0.055 0.047 15 cm 24h 15 cm 24h H030-h030 0.0 99.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 H036-h036 0.0 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 15 cm 24h H042-h042 874 0.030 0.056 0.048 0.0 99.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H048-h048 872 0.031 0.056 0.047 0.0 99.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 H054-h054 15 cm 24h 881 0.031 0.054 0.044 0.0 99.5 0.0 0.0 885 0.032 0.055 0.046 H060-h060 15 cm 24h 0.0 98.9 H066-h066 15 cm 24h 873 0.034 0.058 0.047 0.0 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 H072-h072 15 cm 24h 872 0.031 0.057 0.048 0.0 98.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 H078-h078 15 cm 24h 871 0.032 0.057 0.047 0.0 99.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 H084-h084 15 cm 24h 870 0.034 0.055 0.044 0.0 99.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 870 0.037 0.057 0.043 15 cm 24h 889 0.036 0.056 0.043 15 cm 24h 889 0.035 0.057 0.044 H090-h090 0.0 99.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 H096-h096 0.0 99.3 0.0 0.0 99.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 H102-h102 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

#### Table A-4. Water level skill assessment at Mackinaw

Station: Mackinaw Observed data time period from: / 9/18/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019

Data gap is filled using SVD method
Data are not filtered

\_\_\_\_\_\_

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST Н 68513 0.915 68513 0.857 h 0.068 0.037 0.0 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.00 0.83 15 cm 24h 68513 0.057 H-h SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST

H006-h006 15 cm 24h 952 0.052 0.065 0.039 0.0 98.9 0.0

H012-h012 15 cm 24h 951 0.051 0.065 0.040 0.0 98.8 0.0

H018-h018 15 cm 24h 950 0.051 0.065 0.039 0.0 98.8 0.0

H024-h024 15 cm 24h 950 0.050 0.064 0.039 0.0 98.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H030-h030 15 cm 24h 948 0.050 0.063 0.038 99.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 947 0.050 0.062 0.037 0.0 H036-h036 99.0 H042-h042 946 945 15 cm 24h 0.049 0.061 0.037 0.0 99.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 H048-h048 15 cm 24h 0.049 0.061 0.037 0.0 99.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 H054-h054 15 cm 24h 944 0.049 0.061 0.036 0.0 99.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 H060-h060 0.050 0.061 0.036 15 cm 24h 943 99.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H066-h066 15 cm 24h 0.051 0.063 0.036 0.0 0.0 H072-h072 15 cm 24h 941 0.050 0.062 0.037 0.0 99.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 H078-b078 15 cm 24h 940 0.050 0.063 0.037 0.0 99.3 0 0 0.0 0.0 H084-h084 15 cm 24h 939 0.053 0.065 0.039 0.0 98.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 H090-h090 15 cm 24h 938 0.055 0.067 0.039 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H096-h096 15 cm 24h 956 0.054 0.067 0.039 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H102-h102 15 cm 24h 955 0.054 0.066 0.038 0.0 98.4 0.0 98.5 0.0 98.4 H108-b108 15 cm 24h 954 0.053 0.065 0.038 0.0 0.0 H114-h114 15 cm 24h 953 0.052 0.065 0.039 0.0 0.0 0.0 98.7 15 cm 24h 952 0.052 0.065 0.039 H120-h120 0.0 0.0

Table A-5. Water level skill assessment at Calumet

Calumet Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019 Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL <1% >90% CRITERION <1% <N <N <.5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 68582 0.900 Н 68582 0.952 15 cm 24h 68582 -0.052 0.075 0.054 0.1 96.4 0.0 1.3 0.0 0.00 0.85 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST H006-h006 15 cm 24h 953 -0.058 0.087 0.066 H012-h012 15 cm 24h 952 -0.062 0.089 0.064 0 4 94 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.089 0.064 0.3 91.8 0.0 5.9 0.0 15 cm 24h 951 -0.062 0.088 0.064 15 cm 24h 950 -0.063 0.092 0.067 15 cm 24h 949 -0.062 0.089 0.064 15 cm 24h 948 -0.063 0.088 0.062 15 cm 24h 947 -0.059 0.086 0.062 H018-h018 0.2 94.1 0.0 0.0 H024-h024 0.4 92.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 H030-h030 0.2 92.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 H036-h036 0.3 93.4 0.0 5.9 0.0 H042-h042 0.2 93.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 15 cm 24h H048-h048 946 -0.059 0.085 0.061 94.2 0.4 0.0 5.9 0.0 H054-h054 945 -0.056 0.081 0.059 15 cm 24h H060-h060 944 -0.057 0.082 0.058 0.3 94.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 943 -0.058 0.083 H066-h066 0.059 0.2 94 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 941 -0.058 0.02 15 cm 24h 940 -0.058 0.082 15 cm 24h 939 -0.058 0.083 15 cm 24h 957 -0.057 0.082 15 cm 24h 956 -0.057 0.082 15 cm 24h 956 -0.057 0.082 H072-h072 15 cm 24h 942 -0.058 0.083 0.059 0.4 94.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 H078-h078 0.061 0.3 92.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 H084-h084 0.058 94.8 H090-h090 0.060 0.3 95.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H096-h096 0.059 0.3 94.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 H102-h102 0.060 0.3 94.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 955 -0.056 0.082 0.061 15 cm 24h 954 -0.057 0.085 0.063 15 cm 24h 953 -0.058 0.087 0.064 H108-h108 0.3 95.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 93.7 H114-h114 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.4 93.7

#### Table A-6. Water level skill assessment at Kewaunee

0.0

0.0

Station: Kewaunee Observed data time period from: /10/9/2018 to /4/2/2019

Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

H120-h120

NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL <1% <N <N <.5% VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD CRITERION - - - - -<1% >90%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST Н 68046 0.902 68046 0.919 15 cm 24h 68046 -0.018 0.038 0.034 0.0 99.6 0.0 0.4 0.0 0.00 0.94 h H-h SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST 944 -0.025 0.047 0.040 0.0 99.6 943 -0.026 0.050 0.043 0.0 99.3 942 -0.027 0.051 0.043 0.0 99.4 H006-h006 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 H012-h012 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 H018-h018 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0 - 015 cm 24h 941 -0.026 0.048 0.040 0.0 940 -0.027 0.048 0.039 0.0 H024-h024 99.4 0.00.0 0.0 15 cm 24h H030-h030 99.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 942 -0.028 0.049 0.040 942 -0.025 0.046 0.039 15 cm 24h H036-b036 0.0 99 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 H042-h042 15 cm 24h 0.0 99.6 0 - 00.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 941 -0.029 0.049 0.039 940 -0.025 0.046 0.039 H048-h048 0.0 99.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 H054-h054 15 cm 24h 0.0 99.6 0 0 0.0 0.0 939 -0.025 0.045 0.038 H060-h060 15 cm 24h 0.0 99.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 H066-h066 15 cm 24h 938 -0.024 0.045 0.039 0.0 99.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 937 -0.024 0.046 0.039 H072-h072 0.0 99.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 935 -0.022 0.044 0.038 H078-h078 15 cm 24h 0.0 99.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 H084-h084 15 cm 24h 933 -0.023 0.044 0.038 0.0 99.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 931 -0.021 0.042 0.036 948 -0.023 0.045 0.039 H090-h090 15 cm 24h 0.0 99.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 H096-h096 15 cm 24h 0.0 99.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 H102-h102 15 cm 24h 947 -0.024 0.045 0.038 99.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H108-h108 15 cm 24h 946 -0.024 0.047 0.040 99.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H114-h114 15 cm 24h 945 -0.024 0.047 0.041 0.0 99.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 H120-h120 15 cm 24h 944 -0.025 0.050 0.043 0.0 98.9 0.0 0.0 0.0

#### Table A-7. Water level skill assessment at Milwaukee

Milwaukee Station: Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019 Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL
- - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% VARTABLE CRITERION

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 0.901 H 68582 68582 0.942 15 cm 24h 68582 -0.041 0.055 0.037 0.0 99.2 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.00 0.89 H-h SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST H006-h006 15 cm 24h 953 -0.050 0.066 0.043 0.0 98.0 0 0 0 0 0 15 cm 24h 
 952
 -0.052
 0.067
 0.043
 0.0
 98.2

 951
 -0.052
 0.067
 0.043
 0.0
 98.2

 950
 -0.052
 0.069
 0.045
 0.0
 97.5
 H012-h012 0.0 0.0 0.0 H018-h018 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 H024-h024 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 949 -0.052 0.068 0.044 H030-h030 15 cm 24h 0.0 97.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 948 -0.051 0.067 0.044 947 -0.051 0.067 0.043 15 cm 24h 15 cm 24h H036-h036 0.0 97.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 H042-h042 0.0 97.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 946 -0.052 0.067 0.042 0.0 945 -0.051 0.065 0.040 0.0 15 cm 24h H048-h048 97.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 H054-h054 15 cm 24h 98.1 0 0 0.0 0.0 944 -0.049 0.065 0.042 0.0 943 -0.047 0.064 0.043 0.0 H060-h060 15 cm 24h 98.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 H066-h066 15 cm 24h 98.2 0.0 0.0 0 0 97.1 H072-h072 15 cm 24h 942 -0.048 0.065 0.044 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 941 -0.046 0.062 0.042 0.0 940 -0.046 0.063 0.043 0.0 939 -0.046 0.063 0.043 0.0 H078-h078 15 cm 24h 98.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h H084-h084 98.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 H090-h090 15 cm 24h 98.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 H096-h096 15 cm 24h 957 -0.046 0.062 0.041 0.0 98.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 956 -0.047 0.063 0.041 955 -0.047 0.062 0.041 15 cm 24h 0.0 98.4 H102-h102 0.0 0.0 0.0 H108-h108 15 cm 24h 0.0 98.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 954 -0.048 0.064 0.043 15 cm 24h 953 -0.049 0.066 0.044 0.0 98.4 0.0 H114-h114 0.0 0.0 0.1 H120-h120 98.0 0.0 0.0

#### Table A-8. Water level skill assessment at De Tour Village

Station: De Tour Village

Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019

Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDFO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 68572 0.919 H h 68572 0.841 15 cm 24h 68572 0.078 0.085 0.035 0.0 97.4 0.1 0.0 2.2 0.00 0.75 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST H006-h006 15 cm 24h 953 0.070 0.079 0.036 0.0 97.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 952 0.070 0.079 0.037 951 0.071 0.080 0.038 H012-h012 0.0 97.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H018-b018 15 cm 24h 0.0 96.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 950 0.069 0.079 0.038 H024-h024 0.0 96.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 H030-h030 15 cm 24h 949 0.069 0.078 0.037 0.0 97.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 948 0.069 0.078 0.036 H036-h036 15 cm 24h 0.0 97.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 0.068 0.077 0.036 0.068 0.077 0.036 0.0 97.8 H042-h042 947 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h H048-h048 946 0.0 98.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h H054-h054 945 0.068 0.076 0.036 0.0 98.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H060-h060 15 cm 24h 944 0.068 0.077 0.036 98.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.069 0.077 0.033 H066-h066 15 cm 24h 943 0.0 98.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 0.068 0.076 0.035 H072-h072 942 0.0 98.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.069 0.078 0.035 H078-h078 15 cm 24h 941 0.0 98.5 0 - 00.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 0.072 0.081 0.037 0.073 0.082 0.035 0.0 97.8 H084-h084 940 0.2 0.0 0.0 H090-h090 15 cm 24h 939 0.0 97.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.073 0.081 0.034 0.0 97.9 H096-h096 15 cm 24h 957 0.1 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h H102-h102 956 0.073 0.080 0.035 0.0 98.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 0.072 0.080 0.034 0.0 98.1 H108-b108 955 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 954 0.071 0.079 0.035 0.0 97.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 953 0.071 0.079 0.036 0.0 97.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 H114-h114 H120-h120

Table A-9. Water level skill assessment at Essexville

Station: Essexville

Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019

Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL
CRITERION - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%

CRITERION - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <.5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST H 68572 0.910 h 68572 0.924 15 cm 24h 68572 -0.014 0.062 0.060 0.2 97.2 0.1 0.0 3.3 0.00 0.91 H-h SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST H006-h006 15 cm 24h 953 -0.017 0.079 0.077 0.0 94.3 0.3 0.0 5.9 952 -0.017 0.082 0.080 0.2 92.5 951 -0.018 0.081 0.079 0.1 93.9 H012-h012 15 cm 24h 0.5 0.0 5.9 H018-h018 15 cm 24h 0.7 0.0 5.9 H024-h024 15 cm 24h 950 -0.021 0.082 0.080 0.3 94.3 5.9 5.9 0.7 949 -0.021 0.085 0.082 0.3 94.2 0.0 5.9 H030-h030 15 cm 24h 0.6 948 -0.021 0.078 0.075 0.5 95.6 947 -0.020 0.076 0.074 0.4 95.2 H036-h036 15 cm 24h H042-h042 15 cm 24h 5.9 5.9 0.0 0.0 0.7 0.4 H048-h048 15 cm 24h 946 -0.017 0.073 0.071 0.3 94.6 0.1 0.0 0.0 H054-h054 15 cm 24h H060-h060 15 cm 24h 945 -0.017 0.071 0.069 0.1 94.9 944 -0.017 0.072 0.070 0.1 95.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 H066-h066 15 cm 24h 943 -0.016 0.074 0.072 0.1 95.0 0.5 0.0 5.9 H072-h072 15 cm 24h H078-h078 15 cm 24h 942 -0.015 0.078 0.076 0.2 94.8 941 -0.015 0.075 0.074 0.1 95.3 0.6 0.0 11.8 0.5 0.0 5.9 940 -0.016 0.073 0.071 0.1 95.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 H084-h084 15 cm 24h 939 -0.015 0.073 0.071 0.2 95.2 0.2 0.0 0.0 957 -0.014 0.072 0.070 0.0 95.3 0.1 0.0 0.0 H090-h090 15 cm 24h H096-h096 15 cm 24h H102-h102 15 cm 24h 0.1 0.0 0.0 956 -0.015 0.072 0.071 0.1 94.6 955 -0.016 0.074 0.072 0.1 95.3 0.3 0.0 0.0 H108-h108 15 cm 24h H114-h114 15 cm 24h 954 -0.016 0.076 0.074 0.1 95.1 H120-h120 15 cm 24h 953 -0.017 0.079 0.077 0.2 93.9 0.4 0.0 5.9 0.6 0.0 11.8 0.6

Table A-10. Water level skill assessment at Harbor Beach

Station: Harbor Beach
Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019

Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST н 68572 0.912 68572 0.906 h 0.006 0.037 0.036 0.0 99.6 0.0 H-h 15 cm 24h 68572 0.0 0.0 0.00 0.94 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST 15 cm 24h 953 0.005 0.038 0.038 15 cm 24h 952 0.006 0.039 0.038 0.0 99.9 H006-h006 0.0 0.0 0.0 H012-h012 0.0 99.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 H018-h018 15 cm 24h 951 0.005 0.037 0.037 0.0 99.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 950 99.5 H024-h024 15 cm 24h 0.002 0.039 0.039 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 949 0.001 0.038 0.038 0.0 99.8 H030-h030 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 0.003 0.037 0.037 0.003 0.037 0.037 H036-h036 948 0.0 99.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 H042-h042 15 cm 24h 947 0.0 99.7 0 - 00.0 0.0 H048-h048 15 cm 24h 946 0.005 0.037 0.037 0.0 99.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 945 0.004 0.035 0.035 H054-h054 15 cm 24h 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 H060-h060 15 cm 24h 944 0.003 0.037 0.037 0.0 99.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.004 0.036 0.036 0.005 0.037 0.037 15 cm 24h H066-h066 943 0.0 99.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 H072-h072 15 cm 24h 0.0 99.7 942 0 0 0 0 0 0 H078-h078 15 cm 24h 941 0.005 0.036 0.036 0.0 99.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 940 0.005 0.035 0.035 0.0 100.0 H084-h084 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 939 0.007 0.036 0.036 H090-h090 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 0.007 0.036 0.035 0.007 0.036 0.036 H096-h096 957 0.0 99.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 H102-h102 15 cm 24h 956 0.0 0.0 0.0 955 0.007 0.038 0.037 954 0.007 0.037 0.036 H108-h108 0.0 0.0 99.9 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 H114-h114 15 cm 24h 0.0 99.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 H120-h120 15 cm 24h 953 0.006 0.038 0.038 0.0 99.9 0.0 0.0 0.0

#### Table A-11. Water level skill assessment at Lakeport

Station: Lakeport Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019

Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <.5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST н 68572 0 912 68572 h 0.909 0.003 0.049 0.049 0.0 98.7 0.0 0.8 0.0 0.00 0.92 H-h 15 cm 24h 68572 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST 953 -0.000 0.052 0.052 952 -0.000 0.052 0.052 15 cm 24h H006-h006 0.0 98.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 H012-h012 97.7 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 951 -0.002 0.051 0.051 H018-h018 15 cm 24h 0.0 98.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 H024-h024 950 -0.004 0.053 0.053 97.4 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 949 -0.003 0.054 H030-h030 15 cm 24h 0.054 0.1 98.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 H036-h036 15 cm 24h 948 -0.002 0.052 0.052 98.7 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 H042-h042 15 cm 24h 947 -0.003 0.054 0.054 98.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H048-h048 15 cm 24h 946 -0.001 0.052 0.052 98.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 945 -0.002 H054-h054 15 cm 24h 0.049 0.049 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H060-h060 15 cm 24h 944 -0.001 0.049 0.049 99.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H066-h066 15 cm 24h 943 -0.001 0.049 98.4 0.049 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H072-h072 15 cm 24h 942 0.001 0.051 0.051 98.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H078-h078 15 cm 24h 941 -0.001 0.049 0.049 0.0 98.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 H084-h084 15 cm 24h 940 -0.002 0.048 0.048 0.1 98.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 H090-h090 15 cm 24h 939 -0.001 0.048 0.048 0.1 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 H096-h096 15 cm 24h 957 -0.000 0.047 0.047 0.0 99.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 H102-h102 15 cm 24h 956 0.001 0.047 0.047 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H108-h108 15 cm 24h 955 0.001 0.050 0.050 98.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H114-h114 15 cm 24h 954 -0.000 0.050 0.050 0.0 98.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 -0.001 H120-h120 15 cm 24h 953 0.052 0.052 0.0 98.2 0.00.0

#### Table A-12. Water level skill assessment at Fort Gratiot

Station: Fort Gratiot Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019

Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL

CRITERION <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST Н 68572 0.809 68572 h 0.844 0.065 0.054 0.1 97.2 0.0 15 cm 24h 68572 -0.035 1.2 0.0 0.00 0.87 H-h SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST 15 cm 24h 953 -0.039 0.068 0.056 0.1 96.6 15 cm 24h 952 -0.039 0.068 0.056 0.1 97.0 H006-h006 0 0 0.0 0.0 H012-h012 0.0 0.0 0.0 H018-h018 15 cm 24h 951 -0.040 0.067 0.055 0.1 97.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H024-h024 15 cm 24h 950 -0.042 0.071 0.057 0.1 96.7 0.0 0.0 H030-h030 15 cm 24h 949 -0.041 0.071 0.058 0.1 96.6 0.0 15 cm 24h 948 -0.041 0.071 0.058 97.3 H036-h036 0.2 0.0 H042-h042 15 cm 24h 947 -0.041 0.071 0.058 0.2 96.3 0.0 0.0 H048-h048 15 cm 24h 946 -0.038 0.070 0.058 96.6 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 H054-h054 15 cm 24h -0.038 0.067 945 0.055 0.0 96.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 -0.037 H060-h060 15 cm 24h 944 0.066 0.055 0.1 96.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 H066-h066 15 cm 24h 943 -0.0390.066 0.054 0.1 96.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 -0.037 0.065 0.053 H072-h072 15 cm 24h 942 0.1 97.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 H078-h078 15 cm 24h 941 -0.039 0.065 0.052 0.3 97.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 H084-h084 15 cm 24h 940 -0.040 0.067 0.054 0.3 97.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 H090-h090 15 cm 24h 939 -0.039 0.066 0.053 0.3 97.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H096-h096 15 cm 24h 957 -0.037 0.063 0.051 0.2 98.2 0.0 H102-h102 15 cm 24h 956 -0.037 0.063 0.051 0.1 98.2 0.0 0.0 15 cm 24h 955 -0.036 0.064 0.053 H108-h108 0.3 98.5 0.0 5.9 0.0 15 cm 24h 0.065 H114-h114 954 -0.037 0.053 0.2 98.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 96.7 0.0 5.9 0.0 15 cm 24h 953 -0.038 0.068 0.056 H120-h120

#### Table A-13. Water level skill assessment at Sturgeon Bay Canal

Station: Sturgeon Bay Canal Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019 Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 68582 0.908 68582 0.922 h 15 cm 24h 68582 -0.014 0.034 0.031 0.0 99.7 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.00 0.95 H-h SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST 15 cm 24h 953 -0.024 0.046 0.039 0.0 99.8 15 cm 24h 952 -0.026 0.047 0.039 0.0 99.8 15 cm 24h 951 -0.025 0.047 0.040 0.0 99.8 15 cm 24h 950 -0.026 0.046 0.038 0.0 99.7 H006-h006 0.0 0.0 0.0 H012-h012 0.0 H018-h018 0.0 0.0 0.0 H024-h024 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 99.9 15 cm 24h H030-h030 949 -0.027 0.046 0.038 0.0 0.0 0.0 H036-h036 15 cm 24h 948 -0.026 0.045 0.036 0.0 99.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H042-h042 15 cm 24h 947 -0.026 0.045 0.037 0.0 99.7 0.0 H048-h048 15 cm 24h 946 -0.026 0.045 0.037 0.0 99.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 99.8 H054-h054 15 cm 24h 945 -0.026 0.044 0.036 0.0 0.0 0.0 H060-h060 15 cm 24h 944 -0.025 0.044 0.036 0.0 99.6 0.0 943 -0.023 0.042 0.035 0.0 99.8 H066-h066 15 cm 24h

942 -0.024 0.042 0.035

941 -0.022 0.042 0.035

956 -0.023 0.043 0.036

954 -0.025 0.045 0.038

955 -0.025 0.045

-0.021 0.040 0.034

940 -0.021 0.040 0.034 0.0 99.9 939 -0.020 0.039 0.033 0.0 100.0

### Table A-14. Water level skill assessment at Alpena

0.038

0.0 99.9

0.0 99.8

0.0 99.7

0.0 99.8

0.0 99.4

0.0 99.6

0.0 99.8 0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

Station: Alpena Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 2/2019 Data gap is filled using SVD method

15 cm 24h 953 -0.024 0.046 0.038

957

H072-h072

H078-h078

H084-h084

H090-h090

H096-h096

H102-h102

H108-h108

H114-h114

H120-h120

15 cm 24h

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <.5%SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST Н 68572 0.919 68572 0.868 15 cm 24h 68572 0.051 0.067 0.042 0.0 98.2 0.0 0.0 0.5 0.00 0.82 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST 953 0.042 0.059 0.041 0.0 98.7 952 0.043 0.060 0.042 0.0 99.2 951 0.045 0.061 0.041 0.0 98.8 950 0.044 0.060 0.041 0.0 99.1 949 0.044 0.060 0.041 0.0 99.5 948 0.045 0.061 0.042 0.0 98.5 947 0.044 0.060 0.042 0.0 98.5 H006-h006 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 H012-h012 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 H018-h018 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 H024-h024 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H030-h030 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 H036-h036 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 H042-h042 15 cm 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 H048-h048 15 cm 24h 0.044 0.060 0.041 98.5 946 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 945 0.043 0.059 0.041 H054-h054 15 cm 24h 99.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H060-h060 15 cm 24h 944 943 0.043 0.059 0.040 99.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 H066-h066 15 cm 24h 0.043 0.058 0.039 99.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 942 0.043 0.058 0.039 941 0.043 0.058 0.039 H072-h072 15 cm 24h 0.0 98.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 H078-h078 15 cm 24h 99.1 0.0 0.00.0 0.0 H084-h084 15 cm 24h 15 cm 24h 940 0.044 0.059 0.040 0.0 99.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.045 0.060 0.040 H090-h090 939 0 0 99 6 0.1 0.0 0.0 H096-h096 15 cm 24h 957 0.045 0.059 0.038 0.0 98.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 956 H102-h102 15 cm 24h 0.045 0.060 0.040 0.0 99.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.044 0.060 0.041

# APPENDIX B. TIME SERIES OF MODELED WATER LEVEL VERSUS OBSERVATIONS

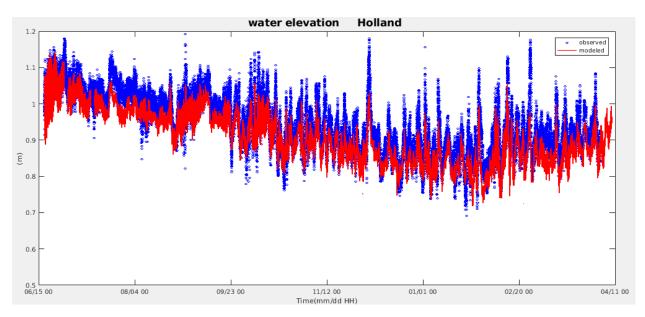


Figure B-1. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Holland

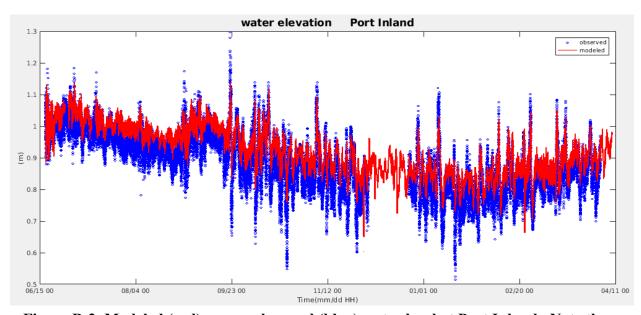


Figure B-2. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Port Inland. Note there was a one-month data gap in the water level record.

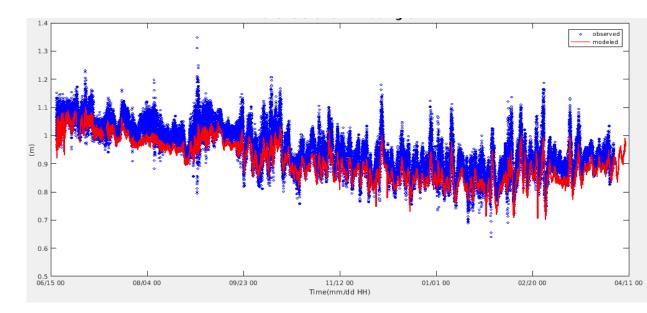


Figure B-3. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Ludington

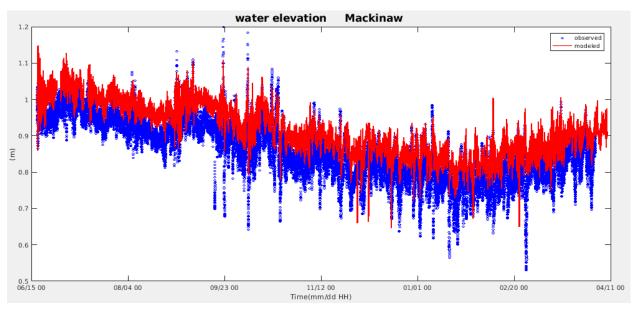


Figure B-4. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Mackinaw

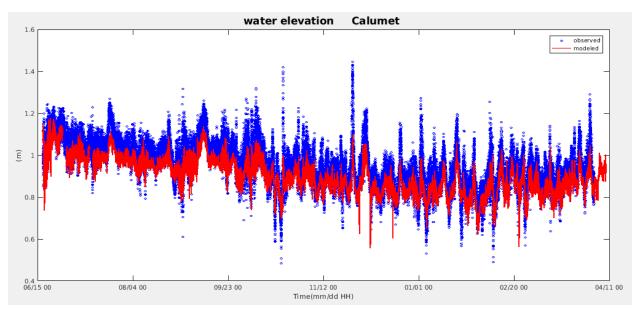


Figure B-5. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Calumet

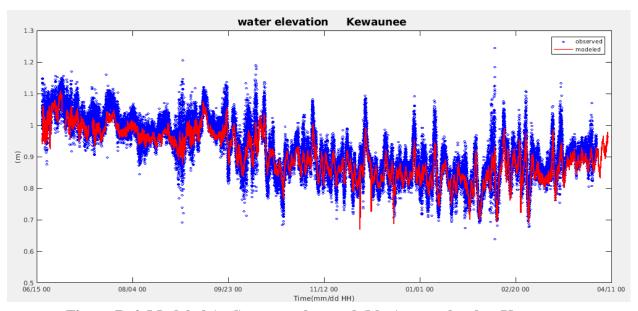


Figure B-6. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Kewaunee

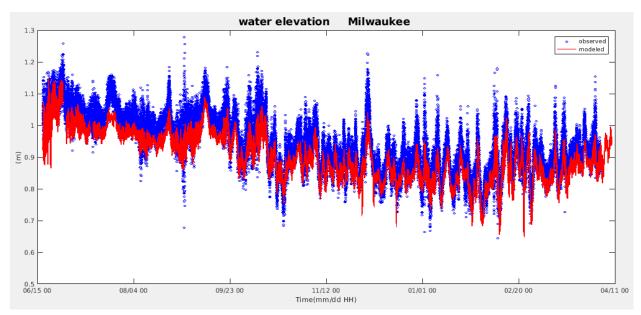


Figure B-7. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Milwaukee

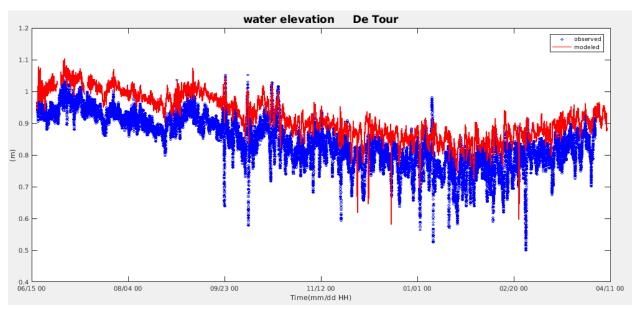


Figure B-8. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at De Tour Village

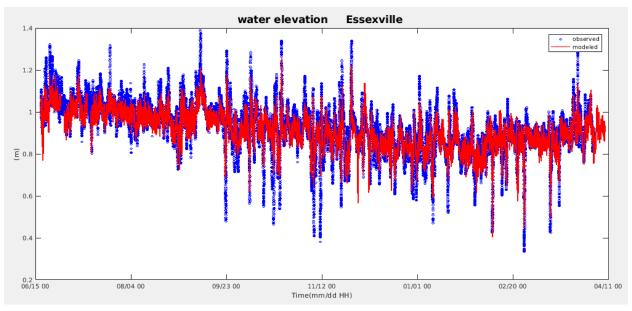


Figure B-9. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Essexville

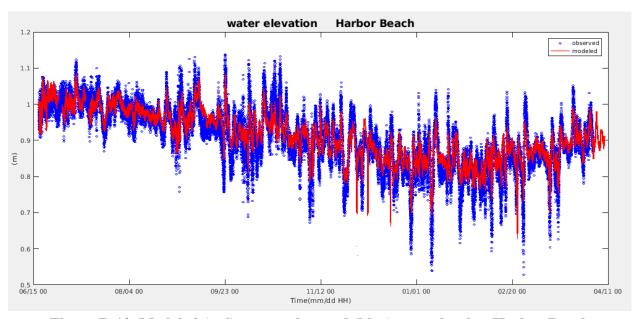


Figure B-10. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Harbor Beach

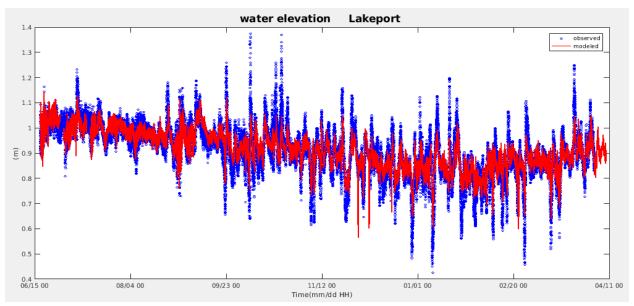


Figure B-11. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Lakeport

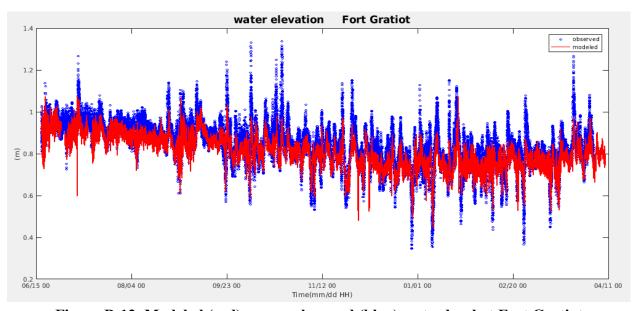


Figure B-12. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Fort Gratiot

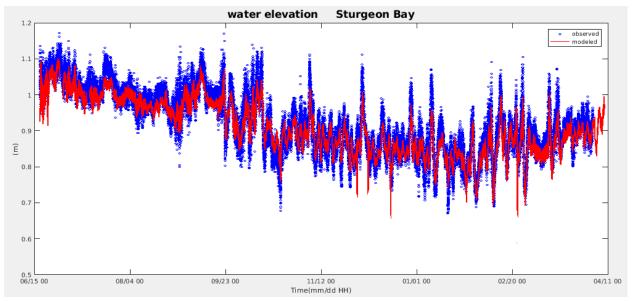


Figure B-13. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Sturgeon Bay

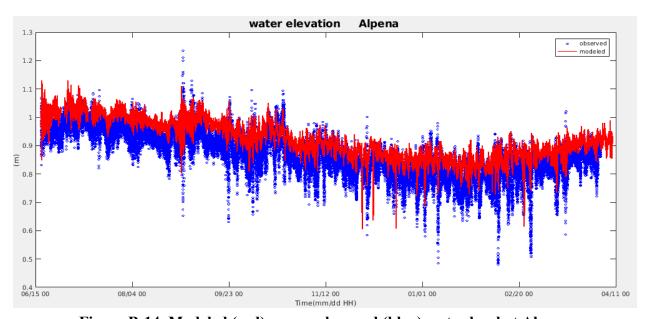


Figure B-14. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) water level at Alpena

# APPENDIX C. SURFACE CURRENTS MODEL SKILL ASSESSMENT TABLES

## Table C-1. Water surface current speed skill assessment at South Green Bay

Station: Observed of Data gap i Data are n	s fil: ot fi	led us: ltered	riod fro ing SVD	om: / 6/ method		to /						
VARIABLE	Х	N	IMAX	SM	RMSE	SD	NOF	CF	POF	MDNO	MDPO WOF	SKILL
CRITERION				-		-					<n <.5%<="" th=""><th></th></n>	
aanu	D.T.O.											
U	KIO:	SEMI-O	PERATION 23583									
u				0.063								
	26 cr	n/s 241				0.049	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.49
			PERATION									
U000-u000	26 cr	n/s 241	n 304	-0.006	0.047	0.046	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U006-u006	26 cr	n/s 241	n 304	-0.005	0.048	0.048	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U012-u012	26 cr	n/s 241	n 304	-0.008	0.047	0.046	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U018-u018	26 cr	n/s 241	n 304	-0.010	0.047	0.046	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U024-u024	26 cr	n/s 24	n 302	-0.007	0.045	0.044	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U030-u030	26 cr	n/s 241	n 301	-0.010	0.045	0.044	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U036-u036	26 cr	n/s 24	n 300	-0.010	0.045	0.044	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U042-u042	26 cr	n/s 241	n 300	-0.010	0.046	0.045	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U048-u048	26 cr	n/s 241	n 301	-0.008	0.045	0.044	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U054-u054	26 cr	n/s 241	n 303	-0.009	0.046	0.045	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U060-u060	26 cr	n/s 241	n 304	-0.008	0.043	0.043	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U066-u066	26 cr	n/s 241	n 305	-0.007	0.045	0.045	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U072-u072	26 cr	n/s 241	n 307	-0.010	0.045	0.044	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U078-u078	26 cr	n/s 241	n 308	-0.009	0.046	0.045	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U084-u084	26 cr	n/s 241	n 309	-0.011	0.044	0.042	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U090-u090	26 cr	n/s 241	n 309	-0.012	0.046	0.044	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U096-u096	26 cr	n/s 241	n 307	-0.013	0.049	0.047	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U102-u102	26 cr	n/s 241	n 305	-0.016	0.049	0.047	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U108-u108	26 cr	n/s 241	n 303	-0.016	0.047	0.044	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
U114-u114		n/s 241			0.047							
U120-u120	26 cr	n/s 241	n 299	-0.014	0.046	0.044	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Table C-2. Water surface current speed skill assessment at Mackinac Strait West

Mackinac Strait West Observed data time period from: / 8/ 1/2018 to / 9/21/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% CRITERION -SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST IJ 27942 0.129 27942 0.209 u 26 cm/s 24h 27942 -0.080 0.143 0.118 0.0 92.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.69 U-u SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST U000-u000 26 cm/s 24h 366 -0.078 U006-u006 26 cm/s 24h 366 -0.077 0.143 0.120 0.0 92.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 U006-u006 26 cm/s 24h 366 -0.077 0.144 0.122 0.0 93.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 U012-u012 26 cm/s 24h 365 -0.081 0.149 0.125 0.5 93.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 26 cm/s 24h 364 -0.083 0.149 26 cm/s 24h 362 -0.085 0.148 U018-u018 -0.083 0.149 0.123 0.3 94.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 II024-11024 0.122 0.6 92.0 0 0 0 0 0.0 26 cm/s 24h 360 -0.086 0.152 26 cm/s 24h 359 -0.087 0.156 U030-u030 0.126 0.6 91.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 U036-u036 0.6 91.4 0.129 0.0 0.0 0.0 U042-u042 26 cm/s 24h 358 -0.086 0.156 0.130 0.6 91.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 U048-u048 26 cm/s 24h 357 -0.081 0.156 0.134 0.6 90.5 0.0 0.0 U054-u054 26 cm/s 24h 356 -0.081 0.156 0.133 91.9 0.0 -0.083 U060-u060 26 cm/s 24h 355 0.160 0.137 0.8 90.7 90.1 U066-u066 26 cm/s 24h 354 -0.087 0.162 0.137 0.8 0.0 0.0 U072-u072 26 cm/s 24h 353 -0.085 0.161 0.137 0.6 89.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 U078-u078 26 cm/s 24h 352 -0.081 0.162 0.141 0.9 89.8 0.0 0 - 00.0 26 cm/s 24h 351 -0.073 0.163 0.146 26 cm/s 24h 351 -0.071 0.161 0.144 II084-11084 1.1 91.5 0 0 6.0 0.0 U090-u090 1.4 90.3 0.0 6.0 0.0 U1096-u096 26 cm/s 24h 351 -0.078 0.169 0.150 1.1 89.2 U102-u102 26 cm/s 24h 350 -0.074 0.167 0.150 1.1 88.6 U108-u108 26 cm/s 24h 349 -0.072 0.169 0.153 0.6 89.1 U114-u114 26 cm/s 24h 347 -0.071 0.171 0.156 0.9 89.0 U120-u120 26 cm/s 24h 345 -0.066 0.182 0.170 1.4 86.7 0.0 6.0 0.0 0.0 6.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

Table C-3. Water surface current speed skill assessment at Saginaw Bay Buoy

Saginaw Bay Buoy, MI Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 9/18/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% VARTABLE CRITERION -\_\_\_\_\_\_ SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST IJ 21616 0.063 21616 0.093 26 cm/s 24h 21616 -0.030 0.064 0.056 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.48 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST U000-u000 26 cm/s 24h 263 -0.040 0.070 0.058 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 U006-u006 26 cm/s 24h 262 -0.038 0.069 0.058 0.0 0.0 261 -0.036 0.070 0.060 U012-u012 26 cm/s 24h 0.0 0.0 U018-u018 26 cm/s 24h 260 -0.035 0.070 0.061 0.0 100.0 0.0 0 - 00.0 U024-u024 26 cm/s 24h 259 -0.037 0.070 0.060 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 U030-u030 26 cm/s 24h 258 -0.037 0.073 0.063 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 U036-u036 26 cm/s 24h 257 -0.035 0.071 0.062 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.062 U042-u042 26 cm/s 24h 256 -0.038 0.0 100.0 U048-u048 26 cm/s 24h 255 -0.036 0.071 0.062 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 U054-u054 26 cm/s 24h 254 -0.039 0.073 0.062 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 U060-u060 26 cm/s 24h 253 -0.036 0.071 0.062 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 252 -0.036 0.070 0.060 II066-11066 26 cm/s 24h 0 0 100 0 0.0 0 0 0.0 251 -0.032 0.069 U072-u072 26 cm/s 24h 0.061 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 U078-u078 26 cm/s 24h 250 -0.033 0.071 0.063 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 U084-u084 26 cm/s 24h 249 -0.034 0.063 0.0 100.0 0.071 0.0 0.0 0.0 U090-u090 26 cm/s 24h 248 -0.038 0.076 0.066 0.0 100.0 26 cm/s 24h 247 -0.037 0.075 0.065 0.0 100.0 U096-u096 0.0 0.0 U102-u102 26 cm/s 24h 246 -0.040 0.075 0.064 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 245 -0.037 0.074 0.0 U108-u108 26 cm/s 24h 0.064 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 U114-u114 26 cm/s 24h 244 -0.044 0.074 U120-u120 26 cm/s 24h 243 -0.039 0.072 0.059 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.060 0.0 0.0

Table C-4. Water surface current speed skill assessment at Muskegon Buoy

Muskegon Buoy, MI

368 -0.070 0.136 0.117 367 -0.068 0.137 0.119

366 -0.067 0.138 0.121 365 -0.067 0.137 0.120

364 -0.068 0.137 0.119

362 -0.069 0.136 0.117 361 -0.071 0.135 0.115 360 -0.070 0.134 0.114

359 -0.072 0.133 0.112

358 -0.074 0.134 0.112

357 -0.069 0.132 0.112

363 -0.067 0.136 0.119

Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to /10/19/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 28683 0.095 28683 0.165 26 cm/s 24h 28683 -0.071 11 0.127 0.106 0.0 94.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.54 U-u SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST U000-u000 26 cm/s 24h 376 -0.077 0.136 0.112 0.0 93.1 0.0 U006-u006 26 cm/s 24h 376 -0.077 0.136 0.112 0.0 92.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 376 -0.077 0.136 0.112 376 -0.077 0.136 0.112 375 -0.078 0.138 0.114 374 -0.080 0.141 0.117 373 -0.079 0.140 0.116 372 -0.077 0.140 0.117 371 -0.075 0.139 0.117 370 -0.074 0.138 0.117 369 -0.072 0.138 0.118 0.0 92.8 0.0 93.3 0.0 0.0 U012-u012 26 cm/s 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 U018-u018 26 cm/s 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 93.0 0.0U024-u024 26 cm/s 24h 93.0 0.0 0.00.0 0.0 U030-u030 26 cm/s 24h 0.0 92.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 U036-u036 26 cm/s 24h 0 0 93.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 U042-u042 26 cm/s 24h 0.0 93.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 U048-11048 26 cm/s 24h 0.0 92.4 0.0 0.0 0.0

Table C-5. Water surface current direction skill assessment at South Green Bay

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

93.8

92.9

92.9

93.7

92.9

93.4

93.9

93.6

93.9

0.0 93.9

0.0 94.7

94.2

0.0

0 - 0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

South Green Bay, WI Observed data time period from: / 6/20/2018 to / 8/ 2/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method

U054-u054 26 cm/s 24h

U066-u066 26 cm/s 24h

U078-u078 26 cm/s 24h

U090-u090 26 cm/s 24h

U102-u102 26 cm/s 24h

U108-u108 26 cm/s 24h

U114-u114 26 cm/s 24h

U120-u120 26 cm/s 24h

U084-u084 26 cm/s 24h

U096-u096 26 cm/s 24h

26 cm/s 24h

U060-u060 26 cm/s 24h

U072-u072

Data gap 1 Data are n	ot filt	ered	_										
VARIABLE CRITERION	X -	N -	IMAX -	SM -	-	SD -	NOF	CF >90%	POF	<n< th=""><th><n< th=""><th>&lt;.5%</th><th></th></n<></th></n<>	<n< th=""><th>&lt;.5%</th><th></th></n<>	<.5%	
SCENA	RIO: SE	MI-O	PERATIO	NAL NOW	CAST								
D			23583	179.241									
d			23583	179.241 142.282									
D-d	22.5 d	g 241	n 23583	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.37
				NAL FORE									
D000-d000	22.5 d	g 241	n 304	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
D006-d006													
D012-d012											0.0		
D018-d018					0.000						0.0		
D024-d024					0.000						0.0		
D030-d030		_											
D036-d036					0.000								
D042-d042													
D048-d048													
D054-d054		_			0.000						0.0		
D060-d060					0.000						0.0		
D066-d066					0.000						0.0		
D072-d072					0.000								
D078-d078					0.000								
D084-d084	22.5 d	g 241	n 309	0.000	0.000								
D090-d090					0.000								
D096-d096		_			0.000						0.0		
D102-d102					0.000						0.0		
D108-d108					0.000								
D114-d114													
D120-d120	22.5 d	g 241	n 299	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		

Table C-6. Water surface current direction skill assessment at Mackinac Strait West

Mackinac Strait West Observed data time period from: / 8/ 1/2018 to / 9/21/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% VARTABLE CRITERION -SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 27942 183.669 D 27942 174.127 22.5 dg 24h 27942 -0.356 3.656 3.638 0.0 99.3 0.0 0.7 0.0 0.73 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST D000-d000 22.5 dg 24h 366 -0.186 3.228 3.227 5.5 90.4 3.8 6.0 6.0 366 -0.026 3.661 3.666 365 -0.083 3.522 3.526 D006-d006 22.5 dg 24h 5.5 89.3 6.0 12.0 5.2 4.7 91.2 D012-d012 22.5 dg 24h 4.1 12.0 6.0 D018-d018 22.5 dg 24h 364 0.024 3.033 3.038 91.8 4.1 6.0 4.1 6.0 D024-d024 22.5 dg 24h 362 -0.047 3.100 3.104 92.0 4.7 3.3 6.0 6.0 360 -0.154 4.207 4.210 359 0.227 3.421 3.419 D030-d030 22.5 dg 24h 90.8 5.3 3.9 6.0 6.0 D036-d036 22.5 dg 24h 3.6 91.9 4.2 6.0 6.0 D042-d042 22.5 dg 24h 358 -0.110 3.058 3.060 92.5 6.0 4.2 3.1 6.0 357 -0.056 2.847 2.850 D048-d048 22.5 dg 24h 4.5 92.4 3.1 6.0 6.0 D054-d054 22.5 dg 24h 356 0.370 9.594 9.600 4.2 92.4 3.4 6.0 6.0 355 0.345 9.779 9.787 D060-d060 22.5 dq 24h 92.7 4.2 2.8 6.0 6.0 354 0.442 9.914 9.918 3.7 353 0.152 13.646 13.665 3.1 352 0.751 10.028 10.014 2.0 D066-d066 22.5 dg 24h 93.2 3.1 12.0 6.0 D072-d072 22.5 dg 24h 92.4 12.0 4.2 6.0 D078-d078 22.5 dg 24h 94.0 4.0 6.0 6.0 351 -0.417 16.814 16.832 D084-d084 22.5 dg 24h 3.7 92.0 4.0 6.0 6.0 D090-d090 22.5 dg 24h 351 -1.946 19.342 19.272 4.8 90.6 4.0 12.0 6.0 D096-d096 22.5 dg 24h 351 -0.329 19.499 19.524 4.0 92.6 6.0 6.0 3.4 D102-d102 22.5 dg 24h 350 -0.008 14.164 14.184 2.9 93.4 3.4 6.0 6.0 D108-d108 22.5 dg 24h 349 1.442 17.203 17.167 3.7 92.0 4.3 12.0 6.0 D114-d114 22.5 dg 24h 347 -0.987 19.341 19.344 4.0 91.6 4.3 D120-d120 22.5 dg 24h 345 -0.005 13.918 13.938 2.6 94.8 2.6 6.0 6.0 0.0 6.0

Table C-7. Water surface current direction skill assessment at Saginaw Bay Buoy

Saginaw Bay Buoy, MI Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 9/18/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD CRITERION - - - - - -NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST D 21616 187.542 d 21616 144.763 D-d 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 22.5 dg 24h 21616 0.49 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST

D000-d000 22.5 dg 24h 263 0.000 0.000 0.000

D006-d006 22.5 dg 24h 262 0.000 0.000 0.000

D012-d012 22.5 dg 24h 261 0.000 0.000 0.000

D018-d018 22.5 dg 24h 260 0.000 0.000 0.000

D024-d024 22.5 dg 24h 259 0.000 0.000 0.000

D030-d030 22.5 dg 24h 258 0.000 0.000 0.000

D036-d036 22.5 dg 24h 257 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 256 0.000 0.000 0.000 255 0.000 0.000 0.000 D042-d042 22.5 dg 24h 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 D048-d048 22.5 dg 24h 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 254 0.000 0.000 0.000 253 0.000 0.000 0.000 D054-d054 22.5 dg 24h 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 D060-d060 22.5 dg 24h 0.0 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 D066-d066 22.5 dg 24h 252 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 D072-d072 22.5 dg 24h 251 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 D078-d078 22.5 dg 24h D084-d084 22.5 dg 24h D090-d090 22.5 dg 24h D096-d096 22.5 dg 24h 250 0.000 0.000 0.000 249 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 248 0.000 0.000 0.000 247 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 D102-d102 22.5 dg 24h D108-d108 22.5 dg 24h 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0 100.0 246 0.0 0.0 0.0 

Table C-8. Water surface current direction skill assessment at Muskegon Buoy

Station: Muskegon Buoy, MI
Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to /10/19/2018
Data gap is filled using SVD method
Data are not filtered

VARIABLE											MDPO WOF	
RITERION					-						<n <.5%<="" th=""><th></th></n>	
				NAL NOWO 207.888								
,			20003	207.888								
1 1	22 5	da 241	20003	_0 179	2 451	2 445	0.0	v 00 6	0.0	0 :	3 0.0	0.5
				NAL FORE		2.445	0.0	99.0	0.0	0	3 0.0	0.5
0000-d000						2 664	1 1	07 0	1 1	0 (	0.0	
000-d000											0.0	
0012-d012											0 0.0	
0012-d012											0 0.0	
024-d024											0 0.0	
030-d030	22.5	dg 241	372	-0.029	2.400	2.470	1 1	98.1	0.8	0.0	0 0.0	
036-d036								98.1			0 0.0	
042-d042					2.915						0 0.0	
048-d048								97.3			0 0.0	
054-d054											0 0.0	
060-d060											0 0.0	
0066-d066											0 0.0	
072-d072											0 0.0	
078-d078											0 0.0	
0084-d084					2.504						0.0	
090-d090		_			3.616					0.0	0.0	
096-d096											0.0	
0102-d102											0.0	
108-d108											0.0	
114-d114											0.0	
120-d120											0 0.0	

## APPENDIX D. SURFACE WATER TEMPERATURE SKILL ASSESSMENT TABLES

Table D-1. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Holland

Table D-2. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Port Inland

Station: Port Inland Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to /11/27/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 38482 13.831 38482 15.198 3.0 c 24h 38482 -1.368 2.279 1.823 1.5 82.7 0.0 31.8 0.0 0.96 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 520 -1.303 2.288 1.882 2.1 81.0 0.0 17.7 0.0 T012-t012 3.0 c 24h 519 -1.275 2.236 1.839 1.7 83.0 0.0 11.8 0.0 T018-t018 3.0 c 24h 518 -1.281 2.217 1.811 0.8 80.9 0.0 5.9 0.0 1.0 84.1 1.9 84.1 T024-t024 3.0 c 24h 517 -1.262 2.191 1.793 3.0 c 24h 516 -1.321 2.232 1.801 11.8 0.0 0.0 T030-t030 0.0 11.8 0.0 3.0 c 24h 515 -1.390 2.253 1.775 3.0 c 24h 514 -1.343 2.304 1.874 T036-t036 1.9 83.7 0.0 11.8 0.0 2.1 83.3 T042-t042 17.7 0.0 0.0 3.0 c 24h 513 -1.321 2.300 1.885 2.3 83.0 3.0 c 24h 532 -1.288 2.269 1.870 1.9 82.5 3.0 c 24h 531 -1.312 2.279 1.865 1.9 82.1 3.0 c 24h 530 -1.348 2.305 1.871 2.5 82.5 T048-t048 0.2 17.7 0.0 T054-t054 0.2 23.6 0.0T060-t060 0.2 29.5 0.0 T066-t066 0.2 35 4 0.0 

 T066-t066
 3.0 c 24h
 530
 -1.348
 2.305
 1.871
 2.5
 82.5
 0.2
 35.4
 0.0

 T072-t072
 3.0 c 24h
 529
 -1.389
 2.341
 1.886
 2.5
 81.5
 0.2
 35.4
 0.0

 T078-t078
 3.0 c 24h
 528
 -1.421
 2.381
 1.912
 3.2
 82.2
 0.2
 47.2
 0.0

 T084-t084
 3.0 c 24h
 527
 -1.429
 2.378
 1.903
 2.3
 81.0
 0.2
 35.4
 0.0

 T090-t090
 3.0 c 24h
 526
 -1.427
 2.388
 1.917
 2.3
 79.5
 0.2
 41.3
 0.0

 T096-t096
 3.0 c 24h
 525
 -1.422
 2.397
 1.931
 2.3
 80.6
 0.2
 29.5
 0.0

 T102-t102
 3.0 c 24h
 524
 -1.418
 2.371
 1.901
 2.3
 80.7
 0.2
 29.5
 0.0

 T108-t108
 3.0 c 24h
 523
 -1.423
 2.377
 1.907
 2.3
 79.5
 0.2
 29.5
 0.0

 T114-t114
 <t

Table D-3. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Mackinaw

Mackinaw Observed data time period from: / 9/18/2018 to / 4/ 7/2019 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <.5%SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST т 8.311 69724 69724 8.967 3.0 c 24h 69724 -0.657 2.346 2.252 0.6 84.8 0.0 23.1 0.0 0.98 T-t SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 975 -0.511 2.288 2.231 0.3 85.2 0.0 5.9 0.0 T012-t012 3.0 c 24h 974 -0.524 2.295 2.236 0.9 86.1 0.0 11.8 0.0 973 -0.555 2.304 2.237 0.7 972 -0.574 2.314 2.243 0.7 T018-t018 3.0 c 24h 85.5 0.0 11.8 0.0 3.0 c 24h T024-t024 85.0 0.0 5.9 0.0 972 -0.598 2.302 2.224 972 -0.634 2.273 2.184 T030-t030 3.0 c 24h 0.5 85.6 0.0 5.9 0.0 T036-+036 3.0 c 24h 0.2 85 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 3.0 c 24h 972 -0.597 2.314 2.236 0.4 3.0 c 24h 972 -0.634 2.280 2.191 0.1 T042-t042 84.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 T048-t048 85.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 972 -0.596 2.307 2.230 0.0 T054-t054 3.0 c 24h 83.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 -0.590 2.332 2.258 0.1 -0.578 2.323 2.251 0.0 T060-t060 3.0 c 24h 972 82.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 T066-t066 3.0 c 24h 972 82.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 972 -0.549 2.354 2.290 0.3 972 -0.546 2.349 2.286 0.1 T072-t072 3.0 c 24h 81.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.0 c 24h T078-t078 82.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 T084-t084 T084-t084 3.0 c 24h 972 -0.548 2.357 2.294 0.3 82.4 T090-t090 3.0 c 24h 971 -0.561 2.375 2.309 0.4 81.9 T096-t096 3.0 c 24h 970 -0.560 2.360 2.293 0.3 82.8 0.0 0.0 5.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.9 0.0 T102-t102 3.0 c 24h 978 -0.566 2.352 2.284 0.3 82.6 T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 977 -0.557 2.336 2.270 0.5 83.3 0.0 5.9 0.0 0.0 17.7 0.0

Table D-4. Water surface temperature skill assessment at De Tour Village

T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 976 -0.562 2.330 2.262 0.3 84.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 975 -0.530 2.289 2.228 0.3 85.1 0.0 5.9 0.0

De Tour Village Station: Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 4/ 7/2019 Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered VARTARLE

X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL
- - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% CRITERION SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST т 69785 8.630 8.281 69785 0.349 2.801 2.790 0.0 59.2 2.9 3.0 c 24h 69785 0.0 76.0 0.97 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST

T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 976 0.034 2.752 2.753

T012-t012 3.0 c 24h 975 0.071 2.797 2.798

T018-t018 3.0 c 24h 974 0.129 2.842 2.841

T024-t024 3.0 c 24h 973 0.112 2.837 2.836

T030-t030 3.0 c 24h 972 0.142 2.869 2.866

T036-t036 3.0 c 24h 971 0.118 2.854 2.853

T042-t042 3.0 c 24h 970 0.133 2.867 2.866

T048-t048 3.0 c 24h 970 0.232 2.887 2.849 0.0 64.1 0.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 59.0 0.0 63.6 1.9 0.0 62.5 2.1 0.0 59.0 0.0 63.0 1.6 0.0 76.7 0.0 62.2 1.7 0.0 64.9 0.0 62.4 1.8 0.0 53.1 0.0 63.1 1.8 0.0 59.0 0.0 63.2 0.0 29.5 3.0 c 24h 970 0.233 2.861 2.853 T054-t054 0.0 62.7 1.8 0.0 11.8 T060-t060 3.0 c 24h 970 0.245 2.832 2.822 0.0 63.5 0.0 11.8 1.4 970 0.234 T066-t066 3.0 c 24h 2.823 2.815 0.0 64.2 0.0 29.5 1.5 971 0.265 970 0.229 2.801 2.790 2.810 2.802 T072-t072 3.0 c 24h 0.0 64.2 0.0 29.5 1.4 T078-t078 3.0 c 24h 64.9 0.0 29.5 0.0 1.3 970 0.223 2.810 2.802 970 0.173 2.841 2.837 T084-t084 3.0 c 24h 3.0 c 24h 0.0 64.7 0.0 11.8 1.3 T090-t090 0.0 62.7 1.1 0.0 11.8 968 0.078 2.839 2.839 979 0.070 2.834 2.834 3.0 c 24h T096-t096 0.0 63.4 1.3 0.0 11.8 T102-+102 3.0 c 24h 0.0 64.2 1.6 0.0 11.8 T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 978 0.094 2.872 2.872 0.0 63.3 2.2 0.0 11.8 T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 977 0.113 2.877 2.876 0.0 63.6 2.7 0.0 29.5 T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 976 0.131 2.900 2.898 0.0 62.5 2.5 0.0 29.5

Table D-5. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Harbor Beach

Harbor Beach Observed data time period from: /10/ 1/2018 to / 4/12/2019 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% CRITERION -SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST Т 69711 7.542 69711 9.068 3.0 c 24h 69711 -1.526 2.524 2.267 7.0 81.1 0.0 135.4 0.0 0.96 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 977 -1.133 2.620 2.364 4.5 87.5 0.0 23.6 0.0 977 -1.182 2.760 2.495 977 -1.239 2.775 2.484 59.0 0.0 T012-t012 3.0 c 24h 4.8 86.6 0.0 0.0 T018-t018 3.0 c 24h 4.8 85.4 64.9 0.0 T024-t024 3.0 c 24h 977 -1.259 2.797 2.500 5.5 85.2 0.0 53.1 0.0 T030-t030 3.0 c 24h 980 -1.345 2.754 2.404 84.2 53.1 5.1 0.0 0.0 979 -1.336 2.719 2.370 T036-t036 3.0 c 24h 5.3 84.3 0.0 53.1 0.0 3.0 c 24h 978 -1.289 2.681 2.351 3.0 c 24h 977 -1.265 2.663 2.344 T042-t042 5.3 84.8 0 - 059.0 0.0 T048-t048 5.1 85.6 0.0 64.9 0.0 T054-t054 3.0 c 24h 976 -1.228 2.613 2.307 4.7 86.6 47.2 0.0 0.0 977 -1.177 2.601 2.320 4.5 977 -1.169 2.606 2.331 4.7 T060-t060 3.0 c 24h 86.9 0.0 41.3 0.0 T066-t066 3.0 c 24h 86.4 0.0 53.1 0.0 3.0 c 24h 977 -1.096 2.575 2.331 3.0 c 24h 977 -1.100 2.549 2.301 T072-t072 4.4 86.8 0.0 47.2 0.0

Table D-6. Water surface temperature skill assessment at South Green Bay

T084-t084 3.0 c 24h 978 -1.082 2.507 2.263 3.8 86.0

3.0 c 24h 977 -1.097 2.572 2.327 3.0 c 24h 977 -1.063 2.525 2.291

T096-t096 3.0 c 24h 975 -1.099 2.514 2.262 4.2

T102-t102 3.0 c 24h 977 -1.107 2.532 2.278 T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 977 -1.103 2.573 2.326

976 -1.111 2.524 2.267

4.7

3.4

86.4

85.2

86.1

5.0 87.6 0.0 4.0 87.7 0.0

4.2 87.2 4.2 86.9

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

41.3 0.0

35.4 0.0

23.6 0.0

29.5 0.0

29.5 0.0

29.5 0.0

0.0

0.0

29.5

17.7

T078-t078

T090-t090

T114-t114

T120-t120

3.0 c 24h

3.0 c 24h

South Green Bay, WI Observed data time period from: / 9/ 8/2018 to /11/ 1/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% CRITERION -SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 30285 19.113 30285 19.340 3.0 c 24h 30285 -0.227 2.328 2.317 1.4 80.9 0.0 14.4 1.2 0.92 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 395 -0.007 1.886 1.888 0.8 88.9 T012-t012 397 0.034 1.842 1.844 0.8 89.4 3.0 c 24h 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.0 c 24h 394 T018-t018 0.040 1.816 1.818 0.5 89.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 T024-t024 3.0 c 24h 393 0.157 1.838 1.834 0.5 89.3 0.0 3.0 c 24h 392 0.157 1.790 1.785 T030-t030 0.0 90.3 0.0 0.0 T036-t036 3.0 c 24h 390 0.172 1.770 1.763 0.0 91.3 3.0 c 24h 398 0.256 1.800 1.784 T042-t042 0.0 91.2 3.0 c 24h 403 3.0 c 24h 401 3.0 c 24h 399 3.0 c 24h 399 T048-t048 0.271 1.772 1.753 0.0 91.8 0.264 1.767 1.750 T054-t054 T060-t060 0.261 1.757 1.739 0.0 91.5 0.248 1.738 1.722 T066-t066 T072-t072 3.0 c 24h 399 0.237 1.723 1.709 0.0 91.5 3.0 c 24h 399 T078-t078 0.230 1.721 1.707 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

Table D-7. Water surface temperature skill assessment at North Michigan

Station: North Michigan
Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to /11/13/2018
Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%

\_\_\_\_\_\_

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST Т 35056 16.248 35056 16.372 t 3.0 c 24h 35056 -0.124 1.782 1.778 0.0 93.5 3.6 0.0 79.9 0.96 T-tSCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST 3.2 T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 462 -0.379 1.799 1.761 0.0 95.7 0.0 53.1 3.0 c 24h 461 -0.331 1.737 1.707 3.0 c 24h 460 -0.242 1.639 1.623 0.0 95.9 3.0 0.0 96.5 3.0 0.0 53.1 T012-t012 0.0 59.0 T018-t018 0.0 70.8 T024-t024 3.0 c 24h 459 -0.224 1.627 1.614 0.0 96.3 3.3 T030-t030 3.0 c 24h 458 -0.164 1.591 1.584 0.0 96.3 3.3 T036-t036 3.0 c 24h 457 -0.174 1.605 1.598 0.0 96.1 3.3 0.0 82.6 3.0 c 24h 456 -0.198 1.629 1.619 0.0 96.1 3.5 3.0 c 24h 475 -0.206 1.609 1.597 0.0 95.8 3.2 T042-t042 0.0 88.5 T048-t048 0.0 82.6 T054-t054 3.0 c 24h 474 -0.243 1.614 1.598 0.0 95.4 3.0 0.0 76.7 T060-t060 3.0 c 24h 473 -0.280 1.602 1.579 0.0 95.3 T066-t066 3.0 c 24h 472 -0.317 1.591 1.560 0.0 94.7 2.7 0.0 70.8 0.0 64.9 T072-t072 3.0 c 24h 471 -0.365 1.595 1.554 0.0 94.7 2.3 T078-t078 3.0 c 24h 470 -0.406 1.575 1.524 0.0 94.0 2.1 T084-t084 3.0 c 24h 469 -0.441 1.561 1.499 0.0 94.5 1.9 0.0 59.0 0.0 53.1 0.0 47.2 T090-t090 3.0 c 24h 468 -0.495 1.571 1.492 0.0 94.7 1.7 T096-t096 3.0 c 24h 467 -0.547 1.570 1.474 0.0 93.1 1.5 0.0 41.3 0.0 35.4 T102-t102 3.0 c 24h 465 -0.582 1.571 1.461 0.0 93.3 1.3 T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 464 -0.608 1.562 1.441 0.0 94.2 1.3 T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 463 -0.629 1.532 1.398 0.0 94.0 1.1 T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 462 -0.654 1.500 1.352 0.0 93.5 0.6 0.0 29.5 0.0 29.5 0.0 23.6 0.0 11.8

Table D-8. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Atwater Park

Station: Atwater Park, WI
Observed data time period from: / 7/18/2018 to / 8/15/2018

Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL

CRITERION - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST  $\mathbf{r}$ 29263 16.143 29263 17.152 3.0 c 24h 29263 -1.009 3.039 2.866 6.2 69.9 0.1 45.2 2.5 0.86 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 370 -0.845 2.907 2.785 4.6 74.6 T012-t012 3.0 c 24h 370 -0.975 3.031 2.873 4.3 71.6 1.1 11.8 5.9 370 -0.975 3.031 2.873 4.3 71.6 1.1 17.7 5.9 T018-t018 3.0 c 24h 373 -1.114 3.081 2.877 4.0 68.1 1.3 11.8 5.9 375 -0.999 3.082 2.920 5.3 68.3 376 -0.810 2.938 2.828 5.6 72.9 T024-t024 3.0 c 24h T030-t030 3.0 c 24h 0.0 17.7 0.0 0.3 17.7 0.0 T036-t036 3.0 c 24h 374 -0.894 3.013 2.881 5.3 71.9 0.3 23.6 0.0 T042-t042 3.0 c 24h T048-t048 3.0 c 24h 373 -0.889 3.003 2.872 4.8 71.0 385 -0.799 2.995 2.890 6.2 71.9 0.0 23.6 0.0 0.0 23.6 0.0 T054-t054 3.0 c 24h 385 -0.768 2.969 2.871 6.5 74.0 0.0 29.5 0.0 T060-t060 3.0 c 24h 381 -0.758 2.994 2.900 6.0 76.4 0.3 35.4 0.0 T072-t072 3.0 c 24h 378 -0.741 3.017 2.929 6.9 76.7 0.0 59.0 0.0 T078-t078 3.0 c 24h 378 -0.783 3.082 2.985 7.4 76.2 0.3 59.0 0.0 8.2 76.4 0.3 53.1 0.0 7.4 74.5 0.3 47.2 0.0 T084-t084 3.0 c 24h T090-t090 3.0 c 24h 377 -0.784 3.118 3.021 376 -0.845 3.143 3.032 T096-t096 3.0 c 24h 373 -0.861 3.186 3.072 7.8 74.0 0.3 47.2 0.0 T102-t102 3.0 c 24h 371 -0.862 3.230 3.118 8.6 73.9 0.3 41.3 0.0 T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 370 -0.846 3.228 3.119 8.4 73.5 0.5 35.4 0.0 T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 367 -0.823 3.198 3.095 7.6 73.6 0.5 23.6 0.0

T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 367 -0.780 3.167 3.074 7.1 74.1 1.1 23.6 5.9

Table D-9. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Ludington Buoy

Ludington Buoy, MI Observed data time period from: / 8/1/2018 to /10/ 2/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL \_ \_ \_ <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% CRITERION -

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST T 24914 20.195 24914 18.842 t T-t 3.0 c 24h 24914 1.352 2.806 2.458 0.1 78.1 5.2 1.9 21.1 0.82 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 304 1.450 2.654 2.226 0.0 79.3 4.9 T012-t012 3.0 c 24h 304 1.779 2.989 2.406 0.3 76.6 6.9 0.0 11.8 0.0 17.7 T018-t018 3.0 c 24h 303 1.727 3.180 2.675 0.0 72.3 7.9 0.0 29.5 T024-t024 3.0 c 24h T030-t030 3.0 c 24h 302 1.703 3.080 2.570 301 1.450 2.903 2.520 0.0 73.5 0.0 77.4 6.3 0.0 23.6 6.3 0.0 23.6 T036-t036 3.0 c 24h 314 1.496 2.841 2.419 0.0 76.8 T042-t042 3.0 c 24h 312 1.510 2.832 2.400 0.0 77.9 T048-t048 3.0 c 24h 311 1.520 2.830 2.391 0.3 79.4 T054-t054 3.0 c 24h 310 1.529 2.841 2.398 0.0 78.4 5.1 0.0 23.6 0.0 17.7 0.0 77.9 5.4 0.3 79.4 5.8 0.0 11.8 3.9 0.0 5.9 T060-t060 3.0 c 24h 310 1.528 2.771 2.315 0.0 76.5 4.2 0.0 5.9 T066-t066 3.0 c 24h 310 1.556 2.759 2.283 0.0 79.0 3.9 0.0 5.9 T072-t072 3.0 c 24h 310 1.559 2.631 2.123 0.0 80.3 3.9 0.0 5.9 0.0 5.9 T078-t078 3.0 c 24h 310 1.596 2.652 2.121 0.0 79.4 5.2 0.0 17.7 T084-t084 3.0 c 24h 309 1.600 2.635 2.098 0.0 79.3 4.2 0.0 23.6 T090-t090 3.0 c 24h 308 1.612 2.711 2.183 0.3 78.2 4.2 0.0 29.5 T096-t096 3.0 c 24h 307 1.583 2.701 2.192 0.0 78.8 4.2 0.0 11.8

Table D-10. Water surface temperature skill assessment at South Michigan

307 1.569 2.720 2.225 0.0 81.4 3.9 0.0 41.3

Station: South Michigan Observed data time period from: / 7/11/2018 to / 9/ 2/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

CRITERION

T102-t102 3.0 c 24h

X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL
- - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <.5% VARIABLE

T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 306 1.608 2.879 2.392 0.3 80.4 4.2 0.0 35.4 T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 305 1.626 2.801 2.284 0.0 81.0 5.2 0.0 23.6 T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 304 1.567 2.736 2.246 0.0 79.9 4.6 0.0 29.5

\_\_\_\_\_\_ SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST Т 38822 19.740 38822 17.956 t 3.0 c 24h 38822 1.930 0.738 0.0 96.6 0.0 1.784 0.0 0.0 0.97 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 525 1.664 1.854 0.820 0.0 97.1 T012-t012 3.0 c 24h 524 1.718 1.894 0.797 0.0 97.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.0 c 24h 523 3.0 c 24h 522 3.0 c 24h 521 3.0 c 24h 521 3.0 c 24h 518 1.768 1.905 0.712 0.0 97.9 1.806 1.930 0.680 0.0 97.5 T018-t018 0.0 0.0 0.0 T024-t024 0.0 0.0 0.0 T030-t030 1.778 1.904 0.683 0.0 97.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 T036-t036 1.796 1.920 0.681 0.0 97.1 0.0 T042-t042 1.783 1.916 0.701 0.0 97.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.0 c 24h 3.0 c 24h 1.769 1.904 0.705 0.0 97.3 T048-t048 517 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 97.6 T054-t054 536 1.805 1.947 0.729 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.792 1.936 0.734 1.763 1.912 0.741 3.0 c 24h 535 3.0 c 24h 535 0.0 97.4 T060-t060 0.0 0.0 0.0 T066-t066 0.0 97.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 97.2 T072-t072 3.0 c 24h 534 1.759 1.919 0.767 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.0 c 24h 533 3.0 c 24h 532 T078-t078 1.741 1.915 0.797 0.0 97.6 0.2 0.0 0.0 T084-t084 1.703 1.874 0.784 0.0 98.1 3.0 c 24h 3.0 c 24h 1.697 1.880 0.811 1.686 1.890 0.854 T090-t090 531 0.0 97.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 97.9 T096-t096 530 0.2 0.0 0.0 3.0 c 24h 3.0 c 24h 1.658 1.848 0.817 1.667 1.878 0.867 T102-t102 528 0.0 98.3 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 97.9 0.0 0.0 T108-t108 527 0.2 T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 526 T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 525 1.652 1.866 0.869 0.0 97.0 0.2 0.0 0.0 1.653 1.868 0.871 0.0 97.7 0.2 0.0 0.0

Table D-11. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Muskegon Buoy

Muskegon Buoy, MI Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 6/17/2018

					RMSE						MDPO WOF	SKIL
RITERION												
SCENAR	IO: SE	MI-O	PERATION	IAL NOW	CAST							
			14551	20.214	1							
;			14551	19.108	3							
!-t	3.0	c 24	h 14551	1.107	7 2.351	2.074	0.9	86.3	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.
SCENAR	IO: SE	MI-O	PERATION	IAL FORE	ECAST							
006-t006	3.0	c 24	h 187	0.910	3.015	2.882	3.7	81.8	1.1	47.2	0.0	
012-t012	3.0	c 24	h 190	1.166	2.570	2.297	1.1	80.5	1.1	17.7	0.0	
018-t018	3.0	c 24	h 190	1.138	3 2.728	2.486	1.1	81.6	1.6	17.7	17.7	
024-t024	3.0	c 24	h 189	1.233	3 2.787	2.506	1.6	81.5	2.6	23.6	17.7	
030-t030	3.0	c 24	h 186	1.053	3 2.591	2.374	1.6	84.4	1.1	23.6	17.7	
036-t036	3.0	c 24	h 190	1.039	2.559	2.345	1.6	88.4	1.1	23.6	17.7	
042-t042	3.0	c 24	h 191	1.001	2.621	2.429	2.1	87.4	1.0	41.3	3 17.7	
048-t048	3.0	c 24	h 195		7 2.633					41.3	0.0	
054-t054	3.0	c 24			7 2.568					41.3	0.0	
060-t060					2.617						0.0	
066-t066					2.656						0.0	
072-t072					2.661						0.0	
	3.0				2.694			80.9			0.0	
084-t084					2.713						0.0	
1090-t090					2.834						0.0	
096-t096											0.0	
			h 186		3 2.817							

Table D-12. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Wilmette Buoy

1.6 64.9 0.0 0.5 29.5 0.0 0.5 47.2 0.0

Wilmette Buoy, IL Observed data time period from: / 7/29/2018 to /11/15/2018

T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 185 0.988 2.963 2.800 3.2 80.5 T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 184 0.931 3.061 2.924 3.3 78.8 T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 182 0.845 3.093 2.983 4.4 81.3

VARIABLE												SKILL
CRITERION												
CCENAR	)TO. 6	PMT_C	PERATION	INT NOWC	a cm							
P SCENAR	110. 5.	EMI-C		18.909								
t				18.745								
	3 0	c 24				1 973	1 8	88 1	0 0	23 4	1 0.0	0.9
			PERATION			1.575			0.0	20.		0.5
r006-t006						1.700	0.9	91.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	
r012-t012					1.719			4 88.3			0.0	
r018-t018				0.268	1.647	1.627	0.7	7 90.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	
r024-t024	3.0	c 24	h 448	0.337	1.700	1.668	0.0	88.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	
r030-t030	3.0	c 24	h 446	0.390	1.726	1.683	0.4	4 89.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
r036-t036	3.0	c 24	h 444	0.375	1.744	1.705	0.5	88.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	
r042-t042	3.0	c 24	h 442	0.354	1.784	1.751	0.5	87.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	
r048-t048	3.0	c 24	h 456	0.352	1.745	1.711		2 87.3		0.0	0.0	
r054-t054					1.730			87.6			0.0	
r060-t060					1.757			2 88.0			0.0	
r066-t066					1.746			2 88.2			0.0	
r072-t072					1.755			4 87.6			0.0	
r078-t078					1.789			2 87.2		0.0		
	3.0				1.793			2 88.7			0.0	
r090-t090					1.793			4 87.6				
r096-t096					1.835			4 87.2			0.0	
T102-t102					1.874			7 86.5			0.0	
T108-t108 T114-t114					1.847 1.849			7 87.2				
r114-t114 r120-t120					1.849							

Table D-13. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Holland Buoy

Station: Holland Buoy, MI
Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to /10/25/2018
Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <.5%

CRITERION - - - - - - 16 /900 16 NN NN ...

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST T 30491 20.960 30491 19.114 3.0 c 24h 30491 1.846 3.394 2.848 0.6 73.7 6.7 9.3120.6 0.79 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 389 1.986 3.837 3.288 2.6 69.9 11.3 23.6129.8 T012-t012 3.0 c 24h T018-t018 3.0 c 24h 388 2.194 3.794 3.099 0.5 68.0 11.6 387 2.096 3.809 3.185 1.3 68.2 10.9 0.0129.8 23.6112.1 T024-t024 3.0 c 24h 386 1.782 3.433 2.938 1.3 72.3 7.0 11.8 64.9 T030-t030 3.0 c 24h T036-t036 3.0 c 24h 385 1.959 3.794 3.253 1.0 69.9 384 1.966 3.841 3.304 2.1 70.1 5.9118.0 8.6 8.6 17.7118.0 398 1.928 3.808 3.288 1.8 70.6 8.8 17.7118.0 T042-t042 3.0 c 24h T048-t048 3.0 c 24h T054-t054 3.0 c 24h 397 1.905 3.814 3.308 2.0 396 1.893 3.826 3.329 2.3 70.5 9.1 70.7 9.8 17.7118.0 29.5118.0 T060-t060 3.0 c 24h 395 1.865 3.849 3.372 2.8 69.9 9.6 53.1118.0 T066-t066 3.0 c 24h 394 1.873 3.823 3.337 2.8 70.8 9.9 T072-t072 3.0 c 24h 393 1.872 3.864 3.385 2.8 70.0 10.2 T078-t078 3.0 c 24h 392 1.850 3.927 3.468 3.3 70.9 9.7 53.1118.0 47.2118.0 64.9118.0 T084-t084 3.0 c 24h 391 1.898 3.880 3.389 3.3 70.6 9.5 T090-t090 3.0 c 24h 390 1.894 3.899 3.412 3.1 70.8 10.5 T096-t096 3.0 c 24h 389 1.897 3.983 3.506 3.3 71.5 11.3 59.0 94.4 64.9 94.4 64.9129.8 T102-t102 3.0 c 24h 388 1.938 3.984 3.485 3.1 70.1 10.8 T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 388 1.977 3.988 3.468 3.6 70.9 11.1 T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 388 1.983 3.978 3.453 3.6 70.6 10.3 59.0106.2 70.8106.2 70.8106.2 T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 388 2.014 3.936 3.386 2.8 70.4 10.8

Table D-14. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Michigan City

Station: Michigan City Buoy
Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to /11/ 5/2018

Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST
T 33045 20.947

33045 19.913 0.93 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST 3.0 c 24h 429 0.893 1.949 1.734 1.6 92.1 3.0 c 24h 428 0.777 1.957 1.798 1.9 91.6 т006-t006 0.0 35.4 0.0 0.0 41.3 0.0 T012-t012 0.0 3.0 c 24h 427 3.0 c 24h 426 3.0 c 24h 424 0.810 2.054 1.890 1.9 89.5 0.0 T018-t018 41.3 0.0 T024-t024 0.963 2.025 1.784 1.9 88.7 0.0 2.1 87.5 23.6 T030-t030 0.824 2.129 1.966 0.0 0.0 3.0 c 24h 423 3.0 c 24h 422 3.0 c 24h 440 3.0 c 24h 439 2.4 86.3 1.7 86.7 T036-t036 0.796 2.147 1.996 0.2 23.6 0.0 23.6 T042-t042 0.785 2.147 2.000 0.2 0.0 1.4 88.0 1.4 88.6 T048-t048 0.793 2.094 1.941 23.6 23.6 0.2 0.0 0.759 2.103 1.964 T054-t054 0.2 3.0 c 24h 438 3.0 c 24h 437 3.0 c 24h 436 3.0 c 24h 435 3.0 c 24h 435 23.6 0.0 T060-t060 0.752 2.109 1.973 1.4 88.6 0.2 T066-t066 0.757 2.071 1.929 89.0 0.2 T072-t072 0.750 2.053 1.913 1.6 89.7 T078-t078 0.757 2.050 1.908 1.6 90.8 0.2 35.4 0.0 1.6 89.9 35.4 0.0 T084-t084 0.783 2.071 1.920 0.2 3.0 c 24h 433 0.769 2.075 1.929 3.0 c 24h 433 0.762 2.098 1.957 3.0 c 24h 432 0.772 2.153 2.012 3.0 c 24h 431 0.767 2.169 2.031 3.0 c 24h 430 0.756 2.217 2.086 3.0 c 24h 429 0.774 2.251 2.117 1.6 89.4 2.1 88.7 T090-t090 0.2 35.4 0.0 T096-t096 0.2 41.3 0.0 T102-t102 0.772 2.153 2.012 2.1 89.1 0.2 41.3 0.0 0.767 2.169 2.031 2.3 90.5 0.2 41.3 0.0 0.756 2.217 2.086 2.1 90.2 0.2 35.4 0.0 0.774 2.251 2.117 2.3 89.7 0.2 41.3 0.0 T108-t108 T114-t114 T120-t120

Table D-15. Water surface temperature skill assessment at South Haven Buoy

South Haven Buoy, MI Observed data time period from: / 8/15/2018 to /10/25/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered

X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% CRITERION

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 29503 19.690 т 29503 19.422 t T-t 3.0 c 24h 29503 0.268 2.417 2.402 2.4 81.6 0.1 50.0 3.9 0.91 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 376 0.666 2.561 2.476 2.7 85.1 0.5 47.2 0.0 3.0 c 24h 384 0.594 2.521 2.453 3.4 82.3 370 0.526 2.815 2.769 3.5 77.0 T012-t012 59.0 0.0 0.8 3.0 c 24h T018-t.018 1.1 59.0 5.9 T024-t024 3.0 c 24h 369 0.418 2.845 2.818 4.3 78.9 0.8 82.6 0.0 3.0 c 24h 368 0.080 2.967 2.970 4.9 79.1 3.0 c 24h 367 0.019 3.030 3.034 5.4 80.4 T030-t030 0.5 88.5 0.0 T036-t036 88.5 5.9 1.1 3.0 c 24h 381 0.062 3.074 3.077 5.0 80.3 3.0 c 24h 380 0.069 3.142 3.145 5.3 80.3 T042-t042 1.3 82 6 5 9 T048-t048 82.6 11.8 1.8 T054-t054 3.0 c 24h 379 0.082 3.272 3.275 6.9 79.9 2.1 82.6 11.8 3.0 c 24h 378 3.0 c 24h 377 0.092 3.319 3.322 6.6 79.6 0.162 3.263 3.263 5.3 81.7 79.6 T060-t060 94.4 11.8 1.6 T066-t066 1.3 70.8 0.0 3.0 c 24h 376 0.240 3.263 3.259 5.1 81.4 1.3 64.9 5.9 3.0 c 24h 375 0.319 3.274 3.263 5.1 79.5 1.3 70.8 0.0 3.0 c 24h 374 0.372 3.234 3.216 5.3 78.6 0.8 59.0 5.9 T072-t072 T078-t078 T084-t084 0.376 3.270 3.253 5.4 78.8 1.6 82.6 5.9 0.441 3.195 3.168 4.8 79.8 1.3 47.2 0.0 T090-+090 3.0 c 24h 373 T096-t096 3.0 c 24h 372 T102-t102 3.0 c 24h 372 0.508 3.246 3.210 5.4 79.6 1.3 59.0 0.0 78.2 3.0 c 24h 3.0 c 24h 0.524 3.251 3.213 0.547 3.198 3.155 372 88.5 0.0 T108-t108 0.5 5.6 5.1 76.4 T114-+114 373 1.6 59.0 5.9 3.0 c 24h 374 0.568 3.201 3.154 5.1 77.3 0.8

Table D-16. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Mackinac Strait West

41.3 5.9

Station: Mackinac Strait West Observed data time period from: / 8/ 1/2018 to /10/15/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered

T120-t120

X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% CRITERION -

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST т 31104 16.671 31104 19.006 3.0 c 24h 31104 -2.335 2.882 1.689 1.7 65.2 0.0 29.5 0.0 0.80 T-t SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 395 -2.685 3.186 1.717
T012-t012 3.0 c 24h 395 -2.748 3.223 1.686
T018-t018 3.0 c 24h 394 -2.771 3.221 1.644
T024-t024 3.0 c 24h 393 -2.822 3.246 1.606
T030-t030 3.0 c 24h 392 -2.648 3.021 1.456
T036-t036 3.0 c 24h 397 -2.771 3.119 1.434
T042-t042 3.0 c 24h 410 -2.734 3.094 1.450
T048-t048 3.0 c 24h 409 -2.736 3.108 1.477 3.0 60.5 0.0 29 5 0 0 3.5 56.5 0.0 23.6 0.0 3.0 55.6 0.0 23.6 0.0 3.3 56.5 0.0 23.6 2.0 59.7 0.0 23.6 2.3 57.7 0.0 23.6 23.6 2.2 58.3 0.0 0.0 57.9 1.7 11.8 0.0 3.0 c 24h 408 -2.736 3.0 c 24h 407 -2.756 T054-t054 3.113 1.486 2.2 59.1 0.0 23.6 0.0 0.0 T060-t060 3.129 1.484 2.2 58.5 23.6 0.0 3.0 c 24h 406 -2.763 3.138 1.489 3.0 c 24h 405 -2.804 3.191 1.524 T066-t066 2.2 58.9 0.0 2.5 56.8 0.0 23.6 0.0 405 -2.804 3.191 1.524 T072-t072 23.6 0.0 3.0 c 24h 403 -2.832 3.213 1.519 3.0 c 24h 402 -2.853 3.242 1.542 3.0 c 24h 401 -2.871 3.256 1.538 3.0 c 24h 400 -2.828 3.222 1.546 T078-t078 2.2 57.6 0.0 23.6 0.0 T084-t084 2.0 55.2 0.2 11.8 0.0 2.0 55.2 0.2 2.7 53.6 0.0 2.5 57.0 0.0 3.0 54.9 0.0 T090-t090 23.6 3.0 c 24h 400 -2.828 3.222 1.546 3.0 c 24h 399 -2.855 3.273 1.601 T096-t096 23.6 T102-t102 23.6 0.0 T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 398 -2.842 3.278 1.634 3.5 58.5 0.0 29.5 0.0 T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 397 -2.845 3.288 1.650 3.5 57.2 0.3 29.5 0.0 T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 396 -2.793 3.234 1.631 3.3 57.6 0.3 29.5 0.0

Table D-17. Water surface temperature skill assessment at North Huron

Station: North Huron
Observed data time period from: / 7/ 3/2018 to /11/ 7/2018
Data gap is filled using SVD method

Data are not filtered

VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5%

SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 35672 16.893 T 35672 14.204 3.0 c 24h 35672 2.690 3.594 2.384 0.0 76.3 10.1 t 0.0245.1 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 472 2.205 3.055 2.118 0.0 85.0 6.4 0.0 88.5 T012-t012 3.0 c 24h 471 2.335 3.172 2.149 0.0 79.6 6.6 T018-t018 3.0 c 24h 470 2.379 3.179 2.112 0.0 80.4 6.4 0.0 88.5 0.0 88.5 T024-t024 3.0 c 24h 469 2.444 3.191 2.053 0.0 81.0 6.2 0.0 88.5 T030-t030 3.0 c 24h 468 2.333 3.123 2.078 0.0 81.0 6.0 0.0 88.5 T036-t036 3.0 c 24h 467 2.369 3.144 2.069 0.0 80.1 5.8 0.0 88.5 T042-t042 3.0 c 24h 467 2.356 3.133 2.067 0.0 80.9 5.6 0.0 88.5 T048-t048 3.0 c 24h 479 2.338 3.106 2.046 0.0 82.5 5.4 T054-t054 3.0 c 24h 484 2.292 3.065 2.038 0.0 82.9 5.4 0.0 88.5 0.0 88.5 T060-t060 3.0 c 24h 481 2.231 3.013 2.028 0.0 85.2 5.2 0.0 88.5 T072-t072 3.0 c 24h 480 2.208 2.997 2.028 0.0 85.2 5.2 0.0 88.5 T078-t078 3.0 c 24h 479 2.193 2.993 2.038 0.0 86.2 5.2 0.0 88.5 T084-t084 3.0 c 24h 478 2.161 2.951 2.012 0.0 87.2 5.2 0.0 88.5 T090-t090 3.0 c 24h 477 2.156 2.941 2.002 0.0 86.6 5.2 0.0 88.5 T096-t096 3.0 c 24h 476 2.125 2.915 1.998 0.0 88.0 5.3 0.0 88.5 T102-t102 3.0 c 24h 475 2.093 2.883 1.986 0.0 88.0 5.1 0.0 88.5 T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 474 2.096 2.884 1.982 0.0 88.0 5.3 0.0 88.5 T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 473 2.074 2.870 1.985 0.0 87.7 5.5 0.0 88.5 T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 472 2.076 2.875 1.991 0.0 87.5 5.7 0.0 88.5

Table D-18. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Thunder Bay Buoy

Station: Thunder Bay Buoy,MI Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 9/17/2018

Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL
- - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% CRITERION -\_\_\_\_\_\_ SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST TP. 21403 18.392 21403 18.526 3.0 c 24h 21403 -0.134 2.246 2.242 0.4 86.5 3.1 4.2 10.2 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST T006-t006 3.0 c 24h 243 -0.160 2.349 2.349 0.8 84.0 3.7 5.9 11.8 T012-t012 3.0 c 24h 241 0.147 2.335 2.335 0.4 85.9 4.6 0.0 11.8 3.0 c 24h 240 0.004 2.278 2.283 3.0 c 24h 258 -0.179 2.191 2.188 0.0 86.7 3.3 0.0 11.8 2.3 0.0 5.9 T024-t024 0.4 87.2 T030-t030 3.0 c 24h 257 -0.180 2.172 2.168 0.8 87.2 3.0 c 24h 256 -0.163 2.146 2.144 0.4 88.3 3.0 c 24h 255 -0.186 2.094 2.090 0.0 86.7 3.1 0.0 5.9 2.7 0.0 5.9 T036-t036 T042-t042 2.4 0.0 5.9 T048-t048 3.0 c 24h 254 -0.150 2.026 2.024 0.0 88.2 3.0 c 24h 253 -0.113 1.919 1.919 0.0 88.9 3.0 c 24h 252 -0.173 1.923 1.919 0.0 88.5 T054-t054 1.6 0.0 0.0 T060-t060 1.6 0.0 0.0 1.2 0.0 0.0 T066-t066 T066-t066 3.0 c 24h 252 -0.173 1.923 1.919 0.0 88.5 1.2 0.0 0.0 T072-t072 3.0 c 24h 251 -0.206 1.911 1.904 0.0 90.8 1.2 0.0 0.0 T078-t078 3.0 c 24h 250 -0.188 1.900 1.895 0.4 91.2 1.2 0.0 0.0 T084-t084 3.0 c 24h 249 -0.158 2.001 1.999 0.4 89.6 1.6 0.0 0.0 T090-t090 3.0 c 24h 248 -0.083 1.994 1.997 0.0 86.7 2.0 0.0 5.9 T096-t096 3.0 c 24h 247 -0.016 2.042 2.046 0.0 89.5 2.8 0.0 5.9 T102-t102 3.0 c 24h 246 0.002 2.070 2.075 0.0 89.4 2.4 0.0 5.9 T108-t108 3.0 c 24h 245 -0.009 2.168 2.172 0.4 86.5 2.0 0.0 5.9 T114-t114 3.0 c 24h 244 0.004 2.116 2.121 0.0 88.1 2.0 0.0 5.9 T120-t120 3.0 c 24h 243 0.095 2.219 2.222 0.4 86.8 2.5 0.0 5.9

Table D-19. Water surface temperature skill assessment at Saginaw Bay Buoy

Saginaw Bay Buoy, MI

Observed data time period from: / 6/17/2018 to / 6/17/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered VARIABLE X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL CRITERION - - - - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <.5% SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST T 10427 21.962 10427 22.904 3.0 c 24h 10427 -0.942 1.690 1.403 0.0 89.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.77 T-t SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST

#### Table D-20. Water surface temperature skill assessment at South Huron

0.0

0.0

0.8

0.8

0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0

0.94

Station: South Huron Observed data time period from: / 7/ 8/2018 to / 9/13/2018 Data gap is filled using SVD method Data are not filtered

T096-t096

T102-t102

T108-t108

T114-+114

T120-t120

3.0 c 24h 121 -0.883 1.636 1.383 0.0 91.0 3.0 c 24h 121 -0.909 1.776 1.532 0.8 88.4 3.0 c 24h 121 -0.824 1.873 1.689 0.0 88.4 3.0 c 24h 121 -0.834 1.859 1.668 0.0 88.4 3.0 c 24h 120 -0.912 1.810 1.570 0.0 88.3

X N IMAX SM RMSE SD NOF CF POF MDNO MDPO WOF SKILL
- - - - - <1% >90% <1% <N <N <5% VARIABLE CRITERION -SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL NOWCAST 35572 18.195 т

t 35572 15.968 T-t 3.0 c 24h 35572 2.227 2.538 1.217 0.0 81.7 1.1 0.0 32.2 SCENARIO: SEMI-OPERATIONAL FORECAST 0.9 0.0 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.0 0.6 0.0 0.0 0.6 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.4 0.0 5.9 0.9 0.0 17.7 0.0 23.6 1.3 0.0 23.6 1.2 1.7 0.0 35.4 0.0 35.4 1.7 1.9 0.0 41.3 2.1 0.0 41.3 2.1 0.0 47.2 2.1 0.0 47.2 2.5 0.0 53.1 2.5 0.0 47.2 3.0 c 24h 473 1.976 2.368 1.306 0.0 89.4 2.5 0.0 53.1 3.0 c 24h 472 1.957 2.360 1.320 0.0 89.4 2.8 0.0 59.0 3.0 c 24h 471 1.965 2.378 1.340 0.0 89.0 2.5 0.0 59.0 T114-t114 T120-t120

# APPENDIX E. TIME SERIES OF MODELED SURFACE WATER TEMPERATURE VERSUS OBSERVATIONS

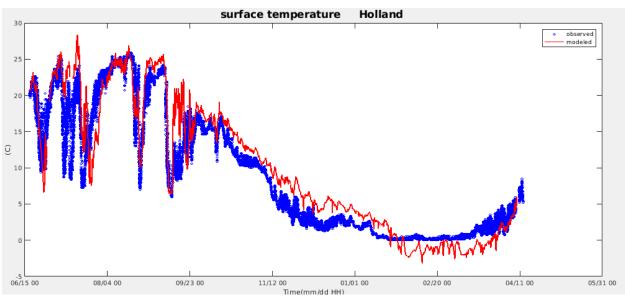


Figure E-1. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Holland

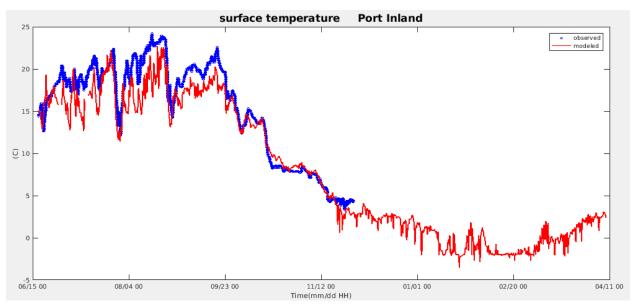


Figure E-2. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Port Inland. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

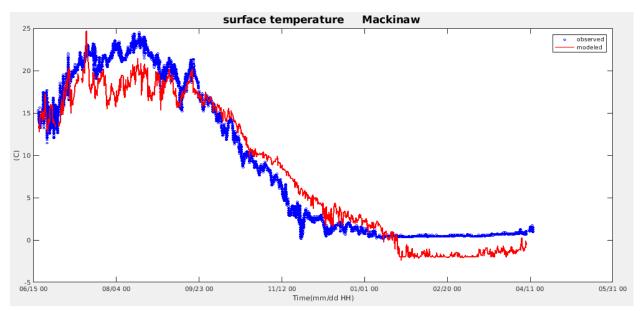


Figure E-3. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Mackinaw

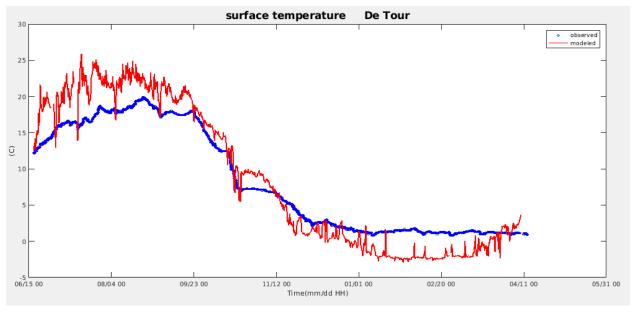


Figure E-4. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at De Tour Village

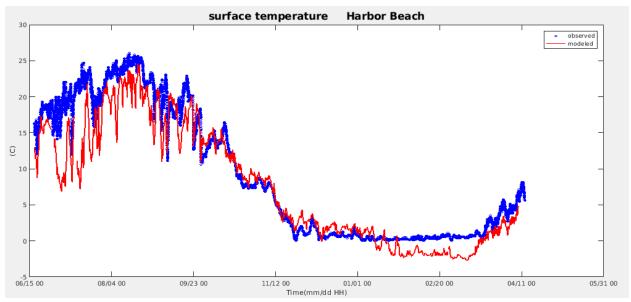


Figure E-5. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Harbor Beach

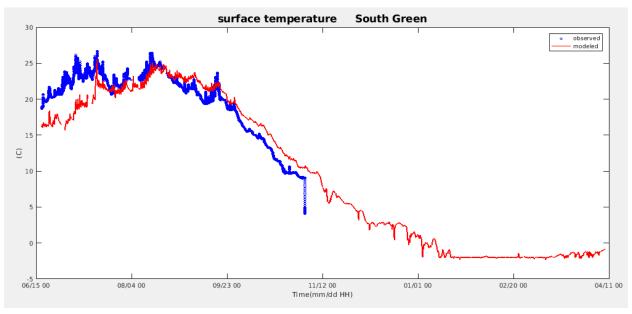


Figure E-6. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at South Green. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

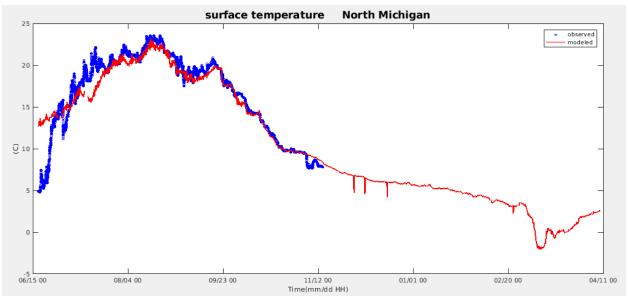


Figure E-7. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at North Michigan. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

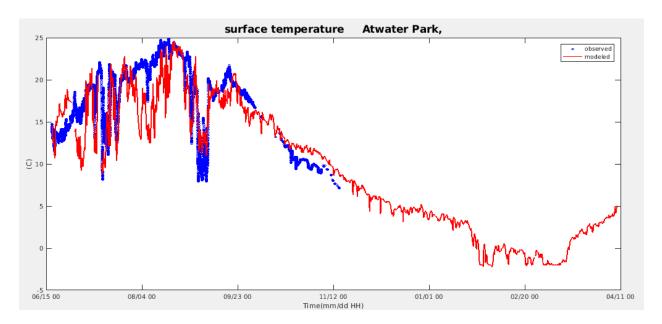


Figure E-8. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Atwater Park. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

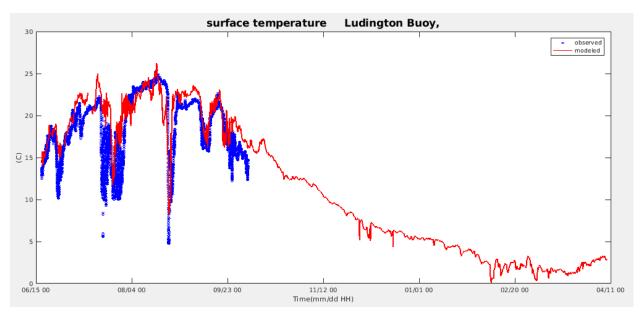


Figure E-9. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Ludington Buoy. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

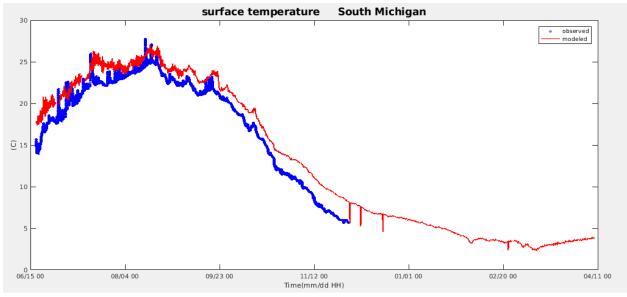


Figure E-10. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at South Michigan. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

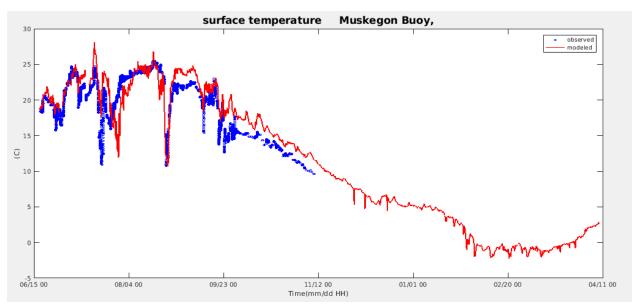


Figure E-11. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Muskegon Buoy. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

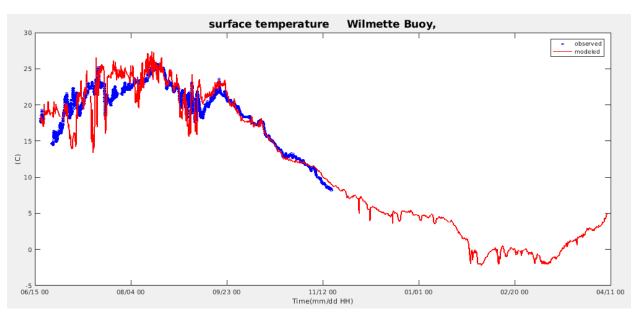


Figure E-12. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Wilmette Buoy. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

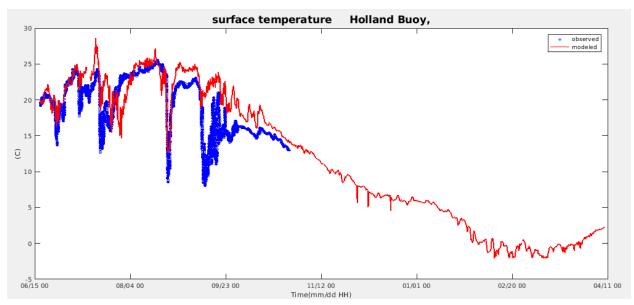


Figure E-13. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Holland Buoy. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

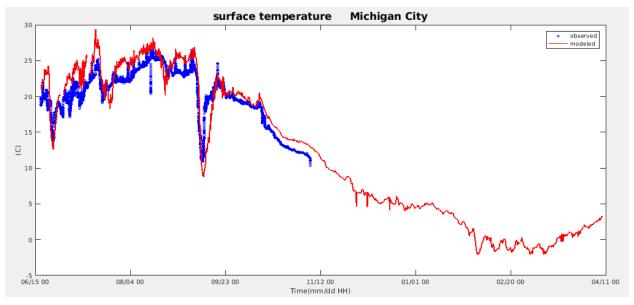


Figure E-14. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Michigan City. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

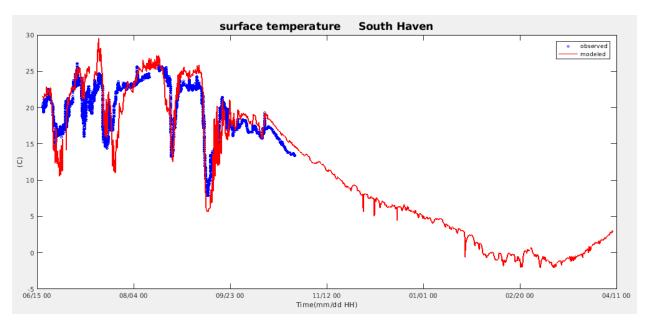


Figure E-15. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at South Haven. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

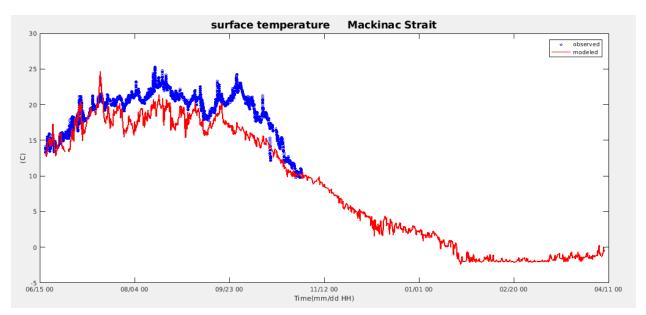


Figure E-16. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Mackinac Strait. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

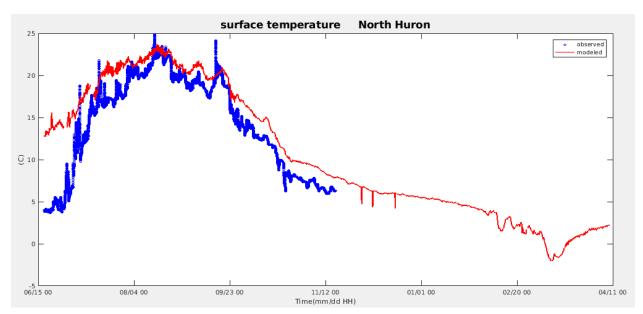


Figure E-17. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at North Huron. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

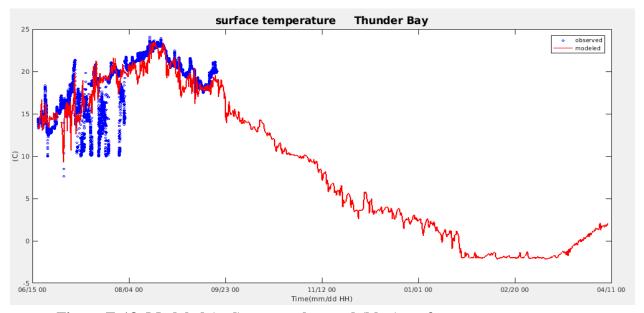


Figure E-18. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Thunder Bay. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

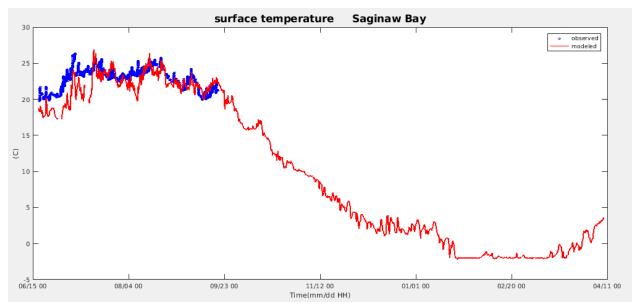


Figure E-19. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at Saginaw Bay. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

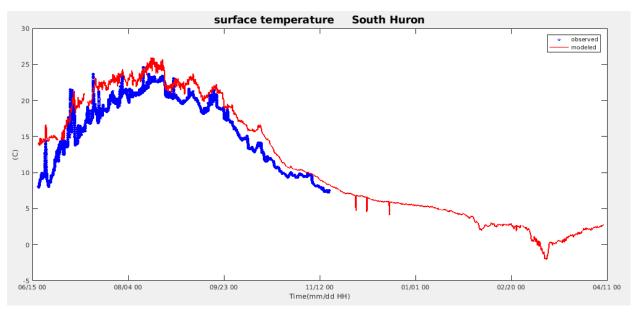


Figure E-20. Modeled (red) versus observed (blue) surface water temperature at South Huron. Note there was no water temperature observation in the winter season.

### **ACRONYMS**

CF central frequency

COMF Coastal Ocean Modeling Framework

CO-OPS Center for Operational Oceanographic Products and Services

COARE Coupled Ocean Atmosphere Response Experiment

FVCOM Finite Volume Community Ocean Model

GFS Global Forecast System

GLERL Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory

h hour

HPC High Performance Computing HRRR High Resolution Rapid Refresh

LHOFS Lake Huron Operational Forecast System

LMHOFS Lakes Michigan and Huron Operational Forecast System

LMOFS Lake Michigan Operational Forecast System

m/s meters per second

m meters

MDPO maximum duration of positive outliers
MDNO maximum duration of negative outliers

NCEP National Centers for Environmental Prediction

NDBC National Data Buoy Center

N/F Nowcast/Forecast

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NOF negative outlier frequency NOS National Ocean Service NWS National Weather Service POF positive outlier frequency POM Princeton Ocean Model

POMGL Great Lakes version of the Princeton Ocean Model

RMSE root mean square error

SM series mean

USGS U.S. Geological Survey

WCOSS Weather and Climate Operational Supercomputing System